Consolidated Financial Results for the Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2011 ending March 31, 2011

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February 2, 2011

Consolidated Financial Results for the Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2011 ending March 31, 2011

[Prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America]

Company name: ITOCHU Corporation

Stock exchange code: 8001 URL: http://www.itochu.co.jp/en/ir/

President and Chief Executive Officer: Masahiro Okafuji

General Manager of Corporate Communications Division: Tomoyuki Takada TEL: 81 - 3 - 3497 - 7291

The date of payout of dividend:

1. Consolidated operating results for the third quarter of fiscal year 2011 (from April 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010)

(1) Consolidated operating results (Summary)

(%: Changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year)

| | Total trading transa | ctions | Trading income (*) | | Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies | | Net income attributable to ITOCHU | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------------------|--------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| For the first to third quarter of | millions of yen | % | millions of yen | % | millions of yen | % | millions of yen | % |
| Fiscal year 2011 | 8,505,126 | 13.4 | 179,031 | 92.5 | 147,617 | 43.3 | 145,337 | 80.3 |
| Fiscal year 2010 | 7,497,131 | (22.0) | 92,984 | (61.6) | 103,017 | (45.4) | 80,615 | (50.4) |

^{(*) &}quot;Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses" + "Provision for doubtful receivables"

| | Net income attributable to ITOCHU per share | Net income attributable to ITOCHU per share |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | (basic) | (diluted) |
| For the first to third quarter of | yen | yen |
| Fiscal year 2011 | 91.95 | 91.80 |
| Fiscal year 2010 | 51.01 | 50.78 |

(Note) Equity in earnings of associated companies (millions of yen) 3rd quarter of FY 2011 : 51,617 3rd quarter of FY 2010 : 34,159

(2) Consolidated financial position

| | Total assets | Total equity | | Ratio of ITOCHU stockholders' equity to total assets | ITOCHU stockholders' |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|
| | | | stockholders' equity | equity to total assets | equity per share |
| | millions of yen | millions of yen | millions of yen | % | yen |
| December 31, 2010 | 5,693,208 | 1,398,939 | 1,156,289 | 20.3 | 731.57 |
| March 31, 2010 | 5,476,847 | 1,311,353 | 1,098,419 | 20.1 | 694.98 |

2. Dividend distribution

| | Dividend distribution per share | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | End of first quarter | End of second quarter | End of third quarter | Year-end | Annual | | |
| | yen | yen | yen | yen | yen | | |
| Fiscal year 2010 | - | 7.50 | - | 7.50 | 15.00 | | |
| Fiscal year 2011 | 1 | 9.00 | - | | | | |
| Fiscal year 2011 (Planned) | | | | 9.00 (Planned) | 18.00 (Planned) | | |

(Note) No changes from the plan of dividend distribution previously announced on May 7, 2010

3. Outlook of consolidated operating results for fiscal year 2011 (from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011)

(%: Changes from the previous fiscal year)

| | Total trading transac | etions | Trading income | | Income before income equity in earning associated compa | gs of | Net income attribu ITOCHU | table to | Net income attributal ITOCHU per shar (basic) | |
|------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|------|---|-------|---------------------------|----------|---|-----|
| | millions of yen | % | millions of yen | % | millions of yen | % | millions of yen | % | | yen |
| Fiscal year 2011 | 11,300,000 | 9.6 | 260,000 | 76.4 | 205,000 | 32.3 | 160,000 | 24.9 | 101.23 | |

(Note) Outlook of Total trading transactions and Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies have been revised from the ones announced on November 1, 2010. For the details, please see the pages 8-9 "Outlook for Fiscal Year 2011".

^{(*) &}quot;Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses" + "Provision for doubtful receivables"

- **4. Other information** (Refer to "2. Other Information" on Page 7.)
 - (1) Changes of classification of specified subsidiaries(*) accompanied by changes in the consolidation scope during the third quarter of fiscal year 2011:

 Yes

New 1 Company: China Foods Investment Corp.

- (*) Specified subsidiaries: Major subsidiaries selected according to the Japanese Cabinet Office Ordinance
- (2) Adoption of simplified or specific accounting methods for quarterly financial reporting: N/A
- (3) Changes of accounting policies or presentation methods in the consolidated financial statements

(a) Changes due to amendment of accounting standards: N/A

(b) Other changes: N/A

(4) Number of common shares issued

(a) Number of common shares outstanding: 3rd quarter of FY 2011 1,584,889,504 Fiscal Year 2010 1,584,889,504 (including the number of treasury stock)

(b) Number of treasury stock: 3rd quarter of FY 2011 4,327,542 Fiscal Year 2010 4,379,005

(c) Average number of common

shares outstanding: 3rd quarter of FY 2011 1,580,613,323 3rd quarter of FY 2010 1,580,449,932

[Note]

- 1. This document is an English translation of a statement written initially in Japanese. The Japanese original should be considered the primary version.
- 2. The financial statements contain forward-looking statements regarding ITOCHU Corporation's corporate plans, strategies, forecasts, and other statements that are not historical facts. They are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industries in which ITOCHU Corporation operates. As the expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including without limitation, changes in economic conditions; fluctuations in currency exchange rates; changes in the competitive environment; the outcome of pending and future litigation; and the continued availability of financing, financial instruments and financial resources, they may cause actual results to differ materially from those presented in such forward-looking statements. ITOCHU Corporation, therefore, wishes to caution that readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, and, further that ITOCHU Corporation undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or other developments.
- 3. "Total trading transactions" and "Trading income" are presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practice.
 - -"Total trading transactions"in the consolidated statements of income consists of sales with respect to transactions in which the companies act as principal and the total amount of transactions in which the companies act as agent.
 - -"Trading income" = "Gross trading profit" + "Selling, general and administrative expenses" + "Provision for doubtful receivables"
- 4. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in yen and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated into 11U.S. dollars at the rate of 81.49 yen = 1 U.S. dollar, the exchange rate prevailing on December 31, 2010. The translation should not 11be construed as a representation that the Japanese yen amounts could be converted into U.S. dollars at the above or any other rate.
- 5. "ITOCHU" in items of A/C on the consolidated financial statements represents ITOCHU Corporation.

1. Qualitative Information

(1) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Operating Results

[The nine months of Fiscal Year 2011 (April 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010)]

<General Economic Situations>

For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2010, the global economy continued to follow a course of moderate recovery, with support from growth in the economies of emerging countries. Nonetheless, inventories were restored to previous levels and the effects of economic stimulus measures tapered off, and as a result the pace of the recovery slowed in the second half of the nine-month period. The price of WTI crude oil declined to around \$70 at one point, but additional monetary easing measures by the central banks of industrialized countries led to fund inflows, and the price began to follow an upward trend, surpassing \$90 by the end of December. Japan's economy was also in a recovery phase, but growth in exports, which led the economic recovery, slowed. In addition, the cut back or elimination of measures to stimulate consumption of durable goods also had an adverse effect. From October, Japan's economic recovery leveled off. Due to growing expectations for additional monetary easing measures in the U.S., long-term interest rates in the U.S. declined and the Japan-U.S. interest rate differential contracted. As a result, the yen appreciated, reaching close to ¥80 at one point. There were growing concerns about the adverse influence of yen appreciation on the profits of export companies, and the Nikkei Stock Average temporarily fell below ¥9,000 in late August. However, the average recovered to the ¥10,000 level at the end of December. Due in part to the monetary easing measures implemented by the Bank of Japan, the yield on 10-year Japanese government bonds declined significantly, from about 1.4% at the beginning of the period to about 1.1% at the end of December.

<Consolidated Operating Results>

Revenue for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2010, increased by 4.9%, or 122.6 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 2,636.6 billion yen (32,354 million U.S. dollars). This gain was attributable to higher revenue in several division companies. In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, revenue increased due to higher prices for mineral resources and for oil & gas, as well as increase in transaction volume for mineral resources. In the Textile Company, the acquisitions of JAVA HOLDINGS CO., LTD. and LEILIAN CO., LTD. in the second half of the previous fiscal year led to higher revenue in this period, and in the Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Company, higher revenue resulted from higher prices for both natural rubber and pulp and from the appearance of the sign that housing markets in the U.S. and Japan have bottomed out, as well as strong transaction in chemicals.

Gross trading profit increased by 13.0%, or 88.1 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 764.2 billion yen (9,378 million U.S. dollars). In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, trading profit increased due to higher prices and increasing in transaction volume for mineral resources, despite trading profit decreased due to low operation performance for petroleum products. The Textile Company and the Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Company recorded higher trading profit on increased revenue as well as the Machinery Company recorded higher trading profit due to the recovery of trade in automobiles.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 0.5% or 3.0 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 581.2 billion yen (7,132 million U.S. dollars). This increase was mainly attributable to the acquisition in the Textile Company of the two companies mentioned above, which offset cost reductions in existing consolidated companies, reductions stemming from the deconsolidation of certain subsidiaries, and a decline in pension cost resulting from improved performance of pension asset management.

Provision for doubtful receivables decreased by 0.9 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to loss of 4.0 billion yen (49 million U.S. dollars), due to reversal of provision for doubtful receivables accompanying debt collection.

Net interest expenses improved by 29.4%, or 5.5 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to expenses of 13.3 billion yen (163 million U.S. dollars), mainly due to declines in U.S. dollar and yen interest rates. Dividends received increased by 22.4%, or 3.2 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 17.6 billion yen (216 million U.S. dollars), due primarily to increase in dividends from LNG-related investments. Consequently, Net financial income, which is the total of net interest expenses and dividends received, improved by 8.8 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to income of 4.3 billion yen (53 million U.S. dollars).

Loss on investments-net worsened by 32.4 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to loss of 27.9 billion yen (343 million U.S. dollars). This was attributable to decrease in gain on sales of investments and marketable securities and to impairment losses on investments in the preferred stocks which were issued by Orient Corporation, as a result of the revaluation of its fair value. (Please refer to "Note" on Page 6.)

Gain(Loss) on property and equipment-net worsened by 2.3 billion yen, to loss of 1.5 billion yen (19 million U.S. dollars), due to impairment losses on property (oil & gas assets, etc.), despite increase in gain on sales of property and equipment stemming from the sale of assets (coal interests, etc.).

Gain on bargain purchase in acquisition decreased by 9.1 billion yen due to the absence of the non-recurring gain that was recorded in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Other-net worsened by 6.3 billion yen, to loss of 6.2 billion yen (77 million U.S. dollars), due to losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America, in addition to a worsening of gain (loss) on foreign currency revaluation recorded by subsidiaries.

As a result, **Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies** increased by 43.3%, or 44.6 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 147.6 billion yen (1,811 million U.S. dollars). **Income taxes** decreased by 7.7%, or 3.8 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to expenses of 45.4 billion yen (557 million U.S. dollars).

Equity in earnings of associated companies increased by 51.1%, or 17.5 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to income of 51.6 billion yen (634 million U.S. dollars), due to increase in earnings for mineral resources and pulp-related companies resulting from a rise in prices, as well as increase in earnings for Chinese food business, a steel-products-related and a mobile network-related companies despite an impairment loss on common stocks of Orient Corporation.

As a result, **Net income** increased by 74.8%, or 65.8 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 153.8 billion yen (1,888 million U.S. dollars).

Consequently, **Net income attributable to ITOCHU**, calculated as **Net income** minus **Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest**, 8.5 billion yen (105 million U.S. dollars), increased by 80.3% or 64.7 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 145.3 billion yen (1,783 million U.S. dollars).

(Supplemental information)

In accordance with Japanese accounting practices, **Total trading transactions** for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2010, increased by 1,008.0 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 8,505.1 billion yen (104,370 million U.S. dollars). This gain was attributable to gain in several division companies. In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, trading transactions increased due to higher prices for mineral resources and for oil & gas, and to increase in transaction volume. In the Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Company, increased trading transactions resulted from higher prices for both natural rubber and pulp and from the appearance of the sign that housing markets in the U.S. and Japan has bottomed out, as well as strong transaction in chemicals. In the Machinery Company, trading transactions increased due to a recovery in automobile transactions.

[The Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2011 (from October 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010)]

<Consolidated Operating Results>

Revenue for the third quarter of fiscal year 2011, the three-month period ended December 31, 2010, increased by 6.5%, or 56.0 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 918.9 billion yen (11,276 million U.S. dollars). In the Textile Company, the acquisitions of LEILIAN CO., LTD. in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year led to higher revenue in the period. In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, revenue increased due to higher prices for mineral resources and for oil & gas compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year. In the Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Company, revenue increased due to higher prices for natural rubber as well as strong transaction in chemicals.

Gross trading profit increased by 9.7%, or 22.8 billion yen, compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 258.9 billion yen (3,177 million U.S. dollars). In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, trading profit increased due to higher prices and increasing in transaction volume for mineral resources, despite trading profit decreased due to low operation performance for petroleum products.

The Machinery Company recorded higher trading profit due to the recovery of trade in automobiles. The Textile Company, the acquisitions of LEILIAN CO., LTD. led to higher trading profit in the period.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by 1.7%, or 3.4 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 192.7 billion yen (2,365 million U.S. dollars). This decrease was attributable to cost reductions in existing consolidated companies, reductions stemming from the deconsolidation of certain subsidiaries, and a decline in pension cost, which offset the increase accompanying the acquisition in the Textile Company of a new company.

Provision for doubtful receivables increased by 2.4 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to loss of 3.0 billion yen (37 million U.S. dollars), due to the absence of reversal of the allowance for doubtful receivables that was recorded in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Net interest expenses improved by 25.0%, or 1.4 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to expenses of 4.3 billion yen (52 million U.S. dollars), mainly due to declines in U.S. dollar and yen interest rates. **Dividends received** increased by 37.9%, or 1.5 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 5.5 billion yen (68 million U.S. dollars), due to increase in dividends from textile-related, machinery-related, and energy, metals & minerals-related investments. Consequently, **Net financial income**, which is the total of net interest expenses and dividends received, improved by 2.9 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to income of 1.3 billion yen (16 million U.S. dollars).

Loss on investments-net was worsened by 16.8 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to loss of 17.5 billion yen (215 million U.S. dollars). This was attributable to decrease in gain on sales of investments and marketable securities and to impairment losses on investments in the preferred stocks which were issued by Orient Corporation, as a result of the revaluation of its fair value. (Please refer to "Note" on Page 6.)

Loss on property and equipment-net worsened by 6.9 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year to a loss of 8.0 billion yen (98 million U.S. dollars), due to impairment losses on property (oil & gas assets, etc.).

Other-net was a loss of 2.8 billion yen (34 million U.S. dollars), about the same as in the period of the previous fiscal year, due to a miscellaneous loss was improved, but losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America.

As a result, **Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies** increased by 8.3%, or 2.8 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 36.1 billion yen (444 million U.S. dollars). **Income taxes** decreased by 76.2%, or 13.7 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to expenses of 4.3 billion yen (53 million U.S. dollars).

Equity in earnings of associated companies increased by 4.3%, or 0.6 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to income of 14.0 billion yen (171 million U.S. dollars). This increase was attributable to increase in earnings for Chinese food business, mineral resources and pulp-related companies despite an impairment loss on common stocks of Orient Corporation. (Please refer to "Note" on Page 6.)

As a result, **Net income** increased by 59.3%, or 17.1 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 45.8 billion yen (562 million U.S. dollars).

Consequently, **Net income attributable to ITOCHU**, calculated as **Net income** minus **Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest**, 3.4 billion yen (42 million U.S. dollars), increased by 67.6% or 17.1 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 42.4 billion yen (520 million U.S. dollars).

(Supplemental information)

In accordance with Japanese accounting practices, **Total trading transactions** for the three-month period ended December 31, 2010, increased by 141.2 billion yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, to 2,836.3 billion yen (34,806 million U.S. dollars). This gain was attributable to higher trading transactions in several division companies. In the Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Company, increased trading transactions resulted from higher prices for natural rubber and from strong transaction in chemicals. In the Machinery Company, trading transactions increased due to a recovery in automobile transactions. In the Textile Company, trading transactions increased accompanying the acquisitions of LEILIAN CO., LTD. On the other, in the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, trading transactions was about the same as in the period of the previous fiscal year due to decrease of transaction volume for petroleum products.

(Unit: billion yen)

| | Respective Items of the Statements of Income | Income before tax | Tax effect | Income after tax |
|--|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Impairment Loss on Preferred Stocks (OctDec. 2010) | nt Loss on Preferred Stocks (OctDec. 2010) Gain (loss) on investments-net | | 6.7 | (9.6) |
| Impairment Loss on Common Stocks (OctDec. 2010) | | (11.1) | 4.6 | (6.6) |
| Gain on changes in equity interests (OctDec. 2010) | Equity in earnings of | 3.9 | (1.6) | 2.3 |
| Other equity in earnings (AprDec. 2010) | associated companies | 1.0 | (0.4) | 0.6 |
| (Other equity in earnings (OctDec. 2010)) | | 0.2 | (0.1) | 0.1 |
| | Total (AprDec. 2010) | (22.6) | 9.3 | (13.3) |
| | Total (OctDec. 2010) | (23.4) | 9.6 | (13.8) |

(2) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Position

(a) Consolidated Financial Position

Total assets as of December 31, 2010, were up by 4.0%, or 216.4 billion yen compared with March 31, 2010, to 5,693.2 billion yen (69,864 million U.S. dollars). There was a substantial decrease in cash and cash equivalents and time deposits. However, the inventories of petroleum products increased in the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, in addition to increase in accounts receivable and inventories due to seasonal factor on food distribution in the Food Company. Also, investments increased due to new investments in resource companies with interests in uranium in the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company and in automobile company, as well as increase in investments in Chinese food business through a joint holding company, holding the shares of TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP, which was established with Asahi Breweries, Ltd.

Interest-bearing debt decreased by 1.0%, or 21.8 billion yen compared with March 31, 2010, to 2,187.5 billion yen (26,844 million U.S. dollars). Net interest-bearing debt (interest-bearing debt after deducting cash and cash equivalents and time deposits) increased by 2.8%, or 47.7 billion yen, compared with March 31, 2010, to 1,773.8 billion yen (21,767 million U.S. dollars).

ITOCHU stockholders' equity increased by 5.3%, or 57.9 billion yen from March 31, 2010, to 1,156.3 billion yen (14,189 million U.S. dollars). On one hand, Net income attributable to ITOCHU increased by 145.3 billion yen and increase in net unrealized holding gains on securities. On the other hand, there were decreases from dividends payment, deterioration in foreign currency translation adjustments because of the yen's appreciation, and decrease in Capital surplus of 19.4 billion yen due to the purchase of additional shares of the common stock of NIPPON ACCESS, INC., a subsidiary, which was accounted for as an equity transaction.

As a result, **Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets** increased by 0.3 points from March 31, 2010, to 20.3%, and **NET DER** (net debt-to-stockholders' equity ratio) was 1.5 times.

Total equity, or the total of ITOCHU stockholders' equity and noncontrolling interest, which means the total equity of the entire Group, increased by 6.7%, or 87.6 billion yen, compared with March 31, 2010, to 1,398.9 billion yen (17,167 million U.S. dollars).

(b) Consolidated Cash Flows Information

Cash flows from operating activities for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2010, recorded a net cash-inflow of 154.7 billion yen (1,898 million U.S. dollars), which was attributable to strong operating revenue related to overseas natural resources and food.

Cash flows from investing activities recorded a net cash-outflow of 228.4 billion yen (2,803 million U.S. dollars) mainly due to additional capital expenditures and purchase of interests in overseas natural resource development sector, investments in resource companies with interests in uranium, as well as purchase of investment assets in relation to an establishment of a joint holding company with Asahi Breweries, Ltd. for Chinese food business.

Cash flows from financing activities recorded a net cash-outflow of 27.4 billion yen (336 million U.S. dollars) mainly due to the purchase of shares of the common stock of NIPPON ACCESS, INC., a subsidiary, and dividends payment, despite a cash-inflow of an equity transaction in relation to the establishment of the joint holding company mentioned above.

Consequently, **Cash and cash equivalents** as of December 31, 2010, decreased by 106.1 billion yen to 369.6 billion yen (4,536 million U.S. dollars) compared with March 31, 2010.

2. Other information

(1) Changes of classification of specified subsidiaries accompanied by changes in the consolidation scope;

| Name | Address | Common Stock | Operations | Voting Shares(%) |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| China Foods Investment Corp. | 5-1, Kita-Aoyama 2-chome, | Millions of yen | Business management of TING HSIN | 74.07% |
| | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 83,889 | (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING | |
| | | | CORP., and its group companies. | |

- (2) Adoption of simplified or specific accounting methods for quarterly financial reporting N/A
- (3) Changes of accounting policies or presentation methods in the consolidated financial statements
 - (a) Changes due to amendment of accounting standards N/A
 - (b) Other changes N/A

3. Outlook for Fiscal Year 2011

Looking ahead at the global economic situation in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2011, the global economy is expected to continue its recovery, led by economic growth in emerging countries. However, the effects of economic measures and inventory restoration initiatives, which supported high growth until early 2010, weakened. As a result, the pace of the recovery slowed from mid-2010, and that situation is expected to continue in the first half of 2011. Due to the remaining weakness in the fiscal situation of some countries, there could be rapid fluctuations in exchange rates and declines in asset prices that adversely affect the attitudes of companies and households toward spending, with a negative impact on the global economy. This point requires continued attention.

The U.S. economy is recovering, but the improvement in the employment situation has been sluggish and consumer spending remains limited because households have prioritized debt reduction. As a result, the U.S. economy is expected to continue to grow but at a slow pace. In China, the ongoing increase in income levels is expected to contribute to growth in consumer spending, and the economy is expected to continue to record a high level of growth, centered on domestic demand. In Japan, meanwhile, weak economic conditions are expected due to a slowdown in exports stemming from the sluggish growth in the global economy and to the completion or cut back of consumption stimulus measures. Against the backdrop of those business conditions, in light of ITOCHU continuously aims to execute measure to strengthen profitability by promoting replace assets in order to heighten asset efficiency in the fourth quarter of this year, ITOCHU expects the annual consolidated operating results in this fiscal year, as follows.

For your attention, these forecasts are forward-looking statements that are based on management's assumptions and beliefs based on information currently available and involve risks and uncertainties. Thus, the actual results could be substantially different from the above statement due to such factors including, but not limited to, global economic and market conditions, and currency exchange rate fluctuations.

| | | | | (Unit: billion |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Consolidated | Results | Revised Forecast | Previous Forecast (Announced on November 1) | Results |
| | 3rd quarter of FY2011 | FY2011 | FY2011 | FY2010 |
| Total trading transactions | 8,505.1 | 11,300.0 | 11,500.0 | 10,306.8 |
| Gross trading profit | 764.2 | 1,050.0 | 1,080.0 | 924.4 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | (581.2) | (785.0) | (815.0) | (769.9) |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (4.0) | (5.0) | (5.0) | (7.0) |
| Net interest expenses | (13.3) | (20.0) | (25.0) | (25.3) |
| Dividends received | 17.6 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 28.9 |
| Other-net | (35.7) | (55.0) | (45.0) | 4.0 |
| Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies | 147.6 | 205.0 | 210.0 | 155.0 |
| Income taxes | (45.4) | (90.0) | (100.0) | (51.6) |
| Income before equity in earnings of associated companies | 102.2 | 115.0 | 110.0 | 103.4 |
| Equity in earnings of associated companies | 51.6 | 60.0 | 65.0 | 36.3 |
| Net income | 153.8 | 175.0 | 175.0 | 139.7 |
| Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest | (8.5) | (15.0) | (15.0) | (11.5) |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 145.3 | 160.0 | 160.0 | 128.2 |
| Net income per share (basic) | 91.95 yen | 101.23 yen | 101.23 yen | 81.09 ye |
| Total assets | 5,693.2 billion yen | 5,800.0 billion yen | 5,800.0 billion yen | 5,476.8 bi |
| Total interest-bearing debt | 2,187.5 | 2,300.0 | 2,500.0 | 2,209.3 |
| Net interest-bearing debt | 1,773.8 | 1,900.0 | 2,100.0 | 1,726.1 |
| Total equity | 1,398.9 | 1,430.0 | 1,430.0 | 1,311.4 |
| Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity | 1,156.3 | 1,200.0 | 1,200.0 | 1,098.4 |
| (Note) | Results 3rd quarter of FY2011 | Revised Forecast FY2011 | Previous Forecast FY2011 | Results FY2010 |
| Foreign exchange rate (Yen/US\$) | 87.64 | 87 | 85 | 93.36 |
| Crude oil (Brent) (US\$/BBL) | 77.89 | 80 | 77 | 62.49 |
| Iron ore, fine (US\$/ton) (Note) Coking coal (US\$/ton) (Note) | (JanSep. result) 131 211 | (JanDec. forecast) 133 215 | (JanDec. forecast) 130 211 | (JanDec. result 60 129 |
| Thermal coal (US\$/ton) | 98 | 98 | 98 | 70 |

(Note) These prices are those which ITOCHU regards as general transaction prices based on the market, and actual prices are determined by individual negotiations with each customer.

Distribution of the current fiscal year's profit

ITOCHU plans to pay dividends of 18.0 yen per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 (an interim dividend of 9.0 yen per share was already paid).

Major Group Companies' Forecasts of Fiscal Year 2011

ITOCHU's major group companies' forecasts of fiscal year 2011 are as follows.

As for listed group companies which are scheduled to announce their forecasts of fiscal year 2011 on and after February 2, refer to their own announcements.

The following list is to be updated after all major group companies finish announcement of their forecasts of fiscal year 2011 (scheduled around the end of February), and is to be uploaded into ITOCHU website accordingly.

| wagor Group Cor | mpanies'(unlisted companies) forecasts of fiscal year 2011] Name | Shares | ITOCHU's share of Net income [Forecasts] | (Unit: billion yer ITOCHU's share of Net income [3rd quarter of FY 2011] |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------|--|--|
| | JOI'X CORPORATION | 100.0% | 0.5 | (0.1 |
| Textile | SANKEI CO., LTD. | 90.5% | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Textile | ITOCHU Textile Prominent (ASIA) Ltd. (Hong Kong, C | hina) 100.0% | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| | ITOCHU TEXTILE (CHINA) CO., LTD. (C | china) 100.0% | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Machinery | ITOCHU CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY CO., LTD. | 100.0% | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Wacinnery | ITOCHU Automobile America Inc. (U | S.A.) 100.0% | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | ITOCHU MACHINE-TECHNOS CORPORATION | 100.0% | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| | ITOCHU Metals Corporation | 100.0% | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Energy, | ITOCHU PETROLEUM CO.,(SINGAPORE)PTE. LTD. (Singa | pore) 100.0% | 0.1 | (1.2 |
| Metals | ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd (Aus | ralia) 100.0% | 83.6 | 64.8 |
| & Minerals | ITOCHU Oil Exploration (Azerbaijan) Inc. (Cayman Is | lands) 100.0% | 11.4 | 6.: |
| | Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. | 50.0% | 6.0 | 5. |
| | ITOCHU Kenzai Corp. | 90.8% | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Chemicals, Forest | ITOCHU Pulp & Paper Corp. | 100.0% | 0.1 | 0. |
| Products | ITOCHU CHEMICAL FRONTIER Corporation | 99.8% | 2.2 | 1.0 |
| & General Merchandise | ITOCHU PLASTICS INC. | 100.0% | 2.1 | 1. |
| | C.I.Kasei Co., Ltd. | 97.6% | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Finance, Realty, | ITOCHU Finance Corporation | 99.1% | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Insurance | ITOCHU LOGISTICS CORP. | 99.0% | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| ¿ Logistics Services | ITOCHU Property Development, Ltd. | 99.8% | 1.8 | (1.8 |
| Other | Century Medical, Inc. | 100.0% | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| | ITOCHU International Inc. (U | S.A.) 100.0% | (4.8) | (3.0 |
| | ITOCHU Europe PLC (| U.K.) 100.0% | 1.1 | 0.0 |
| Overseas | ITOCHU Hong Kong Ltd. (Hong Kong, C | China) 100.0% | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| | ITOCHU (China) Holding Co., Ltd. (C | China) 100.0% | 3.4 | 2.5 |
| | ITOCHU Australia Ltd. (Aus | ralia) 100.0% | 3.3 | 2. |

| Name | | Date of Forecasts Announcement | Companies' Forecasts | Shares | ITOCHU's share of Net income [Forecasts] (Note 1) | ITOCHU's share of Net income [3rd quarter of FY 2011] | (Expected) Date of Announcement |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Machinery | Century Tokyo Leasing Corporation | Oct.22 | 21.5 | 20.0% | 4.3 | (Note 2) | Feb.3 |
| | ITOCHU Techno-Solutions Corporation | Apr.30 | 12.5 | 54.0% | 6.7 | (Note 2) | Feb.2 |
| | Excite Japan Co., Ltd. | Jan.14 | 0.1 | 58.5% | 0.1 | (Note 2) | Feb.9 |
| ICT, | ITC NETWORKS CORPORATION | Oct.13 | 2.1 | 60.6% | 1.3 | 0.9 | Jan.31 |
| Aerospace & Electronics | NANO Media Inc. | Nov.1 | (0.3) | 51.3% | (0.1) | (Note 2) | Feb.3 |
| | SPACE SHOWER NETWORKS INC. | Oct.28 | 0.0 | 50.8% | 0.0 | 0.0 | Jan.27 |
| | JAMCO Corporation | Nov.2 | 0.1 | 33.2% | 0.0 | (Note 2) | Feb.4 |
| | SUNCALL CORPORATION | May.14 | 1.5 | 26.9% | 0.4 | (Note 2) | Feb.4 |
| Energy, Metals & Minerals | ITOCHU ENEX CO., LTD. | Apr.30 | 3.8 | 53.6% | 2.0 | 1.0 | Jan.31 |
| Chemicals, Forest Products | DAIKEN CORPORATION | Jan.31 | 2.0 | 25.5% | 0.5 | 0.3 | Jan.31 |
| & General Merchandise | TAKIRON Co., Ltd. | Nov.9 | 2.2 | 27.5% | 0.6 | (Note 2) | Feb.10 |
| | ITOCHU SHOKUHIN Co., Ltd. | Nov.11 | (Note 3) | 51.4% | (Note 3) 1.0 | (Note 2) | Feb.10 |
| | Japan Foods Co., Ltd. | Oct.28 | 0.6 | 34.8% | 0.2 | 0.2 | Jan.31 |
| Food | Fuji Oil Co., Ltd. | May.7 | 10.0 | 25.6% | 2.6 | (Note 2) | Feb.3 |
| | FamilyMart Co., Ltd. | Jan.7 | 17.3 | 31.6% | 5.5 | 3.7 | Jan.7 |
| | Prima Meat Packers, Ltd. | May.14 | 2.2 | 39.5% | 0.9 | (Note 2) | Feb.4 |
| Finance, | FX PRIME Corporation | (Note 4) | (Note 4) | 56.4% | (Note 4) | 0.1 | Jan.28 |
| Realty, Insurance | Orient Corporation | Sep.27 | 10.2 | 23.8% | (Note 5) | (3.7) | Jan.28 |
| | eGuarantee, Inc. | May.14 | 0.4 | 31.7% | 0.1 | 0.1 | Jan.28 |

 $(Note\ 1)\ ITOCHU's\ share\ of\ Net\ income\ [Forecasts]\ for\ Major\ Group\ Companies'\ (listed\ companies)\ mentioned\ above\ excludes\ U.S.\ GAAP\ adjustments.$

(Note 2) ITOCHU's share of Net income [3rd quarter of FY 2011] is the figures after adjusting to U.S. GAAP. As for listed group companies which are scheduled to announce their results on or after February 2, refer to the updated information to be released on ITOCHU website around the end of February.

(Note 3) Change of financial period of ITOCHU SHOKUHIN Co., Ltd. was resolved at the ordinary general meeting held on December 16, 2010. Therefore, the company's financial year ending March 2011 is a transitional six-month period (October 2010 - March 2011) and the company's forecast for the period was announced 0.0 billion yen. ITOCHU's share of Net income [Forecasts] mentioned above is the total of ITOCHU's share of Net income for the first half of FY 2011 and the figure obtained by multiplying the company's announced financial forecasts for the six-month period (October 2010 - March 2011) by its share.

(Note 4) Although FX PRIME Corporation has announced its performance results, ITOCHU has refrained from announcing the figures in the above table since the company has not disclosed performance forecast as an individual company.

(Note 5) ITOCHU has adopted U.S. GAAP, which prescribes a substantial number of different accounting treatments from Japanese GAAP with regard to financial transactions for consumer credit companies.

Therefore, for Orient Corporation, ITOCHU has refrained from announcing the figures in the above table since a discrepancy may occur between the estimation announced by the company and that of ITOCHU, which is calculated by multiplying the figures after U.S. GAAP adjustments by the share.

4. Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(1) Consolidated Statements of Income [Condensed]

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | Millions of Yen | | Millions of U.S. dollars |
|--|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| - | AprDec.2010 | AprDec.2009 | AprDec.2010 |
| Revenue: | | | |
| Sales revenue | ¥ 2,242,088 | ¥ 2,120,816 | \$ 27,513 |
| Trading margins and commissions on trading transactions | 394,472 | 393,133 | 4,841 |
| Total revenue | 2,636,560 | 2,513,949 | 32,354 |
| Cost of sales | (1,872,349) | (1,837,881) | (22,976) |
| Gross trading profit | 764,211 | 676,068 | 9,378 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | (581,159) | (578,127) | (7,132) |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (4,021) | (4,957) | (49) |
| Interest income | 7,723 | 7,730 | 95 |
| Interest expense | (21,045) | (26,597) | (258) |
| Dividends received | 17,586 | 14,366 | 216 |
| Gain (loss) on investments-net | (27,921) | 4,489 | (343) |
| Gain (loss) on property and equipment-net | (1,508) | 841 | (19) |
| Gain on bargain purchase in acquisition | = | 9,129 | - |
| Other-net | (6,249) | 75 | (77) |
| Total other-expenses | (616,594) | (573,051) | (7,567) |
| Income before income taxes and | | | |
| equity in earnings of associated companies | 147,617 | 103,017 | 1,811 |
| Income taxes | (45,415) | (49,203) | (557) |
| Income before equity in | | | |
| earnings of associated companies | 102,202 | 53,814 | 1,254 |
| Equity in earnings of associated companies | 51,617 | 34,159 | 634 |
| Net income | 153,819 | 87,973 | 1,888 |
| Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest | (8,482) | (7,358) | (105) |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | ¥ 145,337 | ¥ 80,615 | \$ 1,783 |

Note:

${\bf (2) \ Consolidated \ Statements \ of \ Comprehensive \ Income \ [Condensed]}$

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | Millions o | Millions of U.S. dollars | |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| _ | AprDec.2010 | AprDec.2009 | AprDec.2010 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | |
| Net income | ¥ 153,819 | ¥ 87,973 | \$ 1,888 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax): | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (59,774) | 73,010 | (734) |
| Pension liability adjustments | 767 | 4,182 | 9 |
| Unrealized holding gains on securities | 15,147 | 17,338 | 186 |
| Unrealized holding gains on derivative instruments | 1,180 | 1,281 | 15 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax) | (42,680) | 95,811 | (524) |
| Comprehensive income | 111,139 | 183,784 | 1,364 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to | | | |
| the noncontrolling interest | (6,900) | (8,065) | (85) |
| Comprehensive income attributable to ITOCHU | ¥ 104,239 | ¥ 175,719 | \$ 1,279 |

[&]quot;Total trading transactions" in accordance with Japanese accounting practice consists of sales with respect to transactions in which the companies act as principal and the total amount of transactions in which the companies act as agent.

Total trading transactions for the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 were 8,505,126 million yen (104,370 million U.S.dollars) and 7,497,131 million yen respectively.

[Explanation for Consolidated Statements of Income]

| | (Unit : billion yen) | | | Increase | |
|--|---|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| Revenue | Revenue | AprDec. 2010 2,636.6 | <u>AprDec. 2009</u> 2,513.9 | (<u>Decrease</u>) 122.6 | Main reasons for changes: In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, revenue increased due to higher prices for mineral resource and for oil & gas, as well as increase in transaction volume for mineral resources. In the Textile Compan the acquisitions of JAVA HOLDINGS CO., LTD. and LEILJAN CO., LTD. in the second half of the previous fiscal year led to higher revenue in this period, and in the Chemicals, Forest Products & Genera Merchandise Company, higher revenue resulted from higher prices for both natural rubber and pulp and from the appearance of the sign that housing markets in the U.S. and Japan have bottomed out, as well as year-on-year rise in chemical prices. |
| Gross trading profit | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | Increase in revenue in ITOCHU Corporation and existing subsidiaries: +67.0 |
| | Gross trading profit | 764.2 | 676.1 | 88.1 | Increase due to acquisition of subsidiaries: +23.7 Decrease due to deconsolidation of subsidiaries: -2.9 Increase due to foreign currency translation (mainly due to Australian dollars): +0.3 Refer to "(7) Segment Information" on page 19-20 |
| Selling, general and administrative | (Unit : billion yen) | A D 2010 | A D 2000 | Increase | (Decree Processes of the Control of |
| expenses | Total of SG & A | (581.2) | AprDec. 2009 (578.1) | (Decrease) (3.0) | Decrease in ITOCHU Corporation and existing subsidiaries: +10.9 [Decrease in pension cost: +3.8] |
| | Personnel expenses | (243.6) | (233.5) | (10.1) | Increase due to acquisition of subsidiaries: -21.6 |
| | (Pension cost) Other expenses | (11.9) | (15.0) | 7.0 | [Increase in pension cost: -0.7] Decrease due to deconsolidation of subsidiaries: +5.2 |
| | (Service charge, distribution costs) | (178.9) | (186.9) | 8.0 | Decrease due to foreign currency translation: +2.5 |
| | (Rent, depreciation and amortization) (Others) | (68.4) (90.3) | (68.7) (89.0) | 0.3 (1.3) | |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| doubtrui receivables | Provision for doubtful receivables | (4.0) | (5.0) | 0.9 | Due to reversal of provision for doubtful receivables accompanying debt collection |
| Net financial income | (Unit : billion yen) | Apr. Dec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | Improvement of nat interact expanses and increase in dividends |
| (expenses) | Net financial income (expenses) | 4.3 | (4.5) | 8.8 | Improvement of net interest expenses, and increase in dividends received AprDec. 2010 AprDec. 2009 Variance |
| | Interest income | 7.7 | 7.7 | (0.0) | |
| | Interest expense Net interest expenses | (21.0) | (26.6) | 5.6 | Improvement of net interest expenses due to decline in U.S. dollars and yen interest rates |
| | Dividends received | 17.6 | 14.4 | 3.2 _ | Dividends received from LNG-related investments +2.2 (5.9→ 8.1) |
| Gain (loss) on | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | (Decrease) | |
| investments-net | Gain (loss) on investments-net | (27.9) | 4.5 | (32.4) | Impairment loss on investments -15.5 (-14.6 \rightarrow -30.1)(refer to page 6 Note) Net gain on sales of investments -16.5 (20.4 \rightarrow 3.9) Loss on business disposals and others -0.4 (-1.3 \rightarrow -1.7) |
| Gain (loss) on property and equipment-net | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| | Gain(loss) on property and equipment-net | (1.5) | 0.8 | (2.3) | Increase in impairment loss -6.4 (-1.6 \rightarrow -8.0) due to impairment losses on property (oil & gas assets, etc.), others +4.0 (2.5 \rightarrow 6.5) |
| Gain on bargain purchase in acquisition | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| | Gain on bargain purchase in acquisition | - | 9.1 | (9.1) Increase | Absence of the non-recurring gain recorded due to the acquisitions of C.I.Kasei Co., Ltd. and ITOCHU LOGISTICS CORP. in the same period of the previous fiscal year |
| Other-net | (Unit : billion yen) | | AprDec. 2009 | (Decrease) | |
| | Other-net | (6.2) | 0.1 | (6.3) | Due to losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment- material-related businesses in North America, in addition to a worsening of gain (loss) on foreign current revaluation recorded by subsidiaries |
| | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| Income taxes | Income taxes | (45.4) | (49.2) | 3.8 | |
| Equity in earnings of | (Unit : billion yen) | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| associated companies | Equity in earnings of associated companies | 51.6 | 34.2 | 17.5 | Brazil Japan Iron Ore Corporation +5.5 (2.3 $^{\circ}$ 7.8), Japan Brazil Paper and Pulp Resources, Development Co., Ltd. +4.7 (-2.0 $^{\circ}$ 2.7), Equity-method associated companies of ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd +4.2 (1.3 $^{\circ}$ 5.4), TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP.+3.6 (2.2 $^{\circ}$ 5.7), Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. +3.5 (2.2 $^{\circ}$ 5.7), Orient Corporation [Impairment loss on investment] -8.2 (1.9 $^{\circ}$ -6.3) (refer to page 6 Note) Refer to "Performance of Group Companies" on page 26 |
| Total trading transactions | (Unit : billion yen) | | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| uansactions | Total trading transactions Gross trading profit ratio | 8,505.1 9.0% | 7,497.1 9.0% | 1,008.0 (0.0%) | Refer to "(7) Segment Information" on page 19-20 Effect of foreign currency translation: Approximately -222.0 |
| | (Unit : billion yen) | | | Increase | Adjusted profit (+111.3)= Gross trading profit (+88.1) + SG&A expenses (-3.0) |
| Adjusted profit | Adjusted profit | <u>AprDec. 2010</u> 238.9 | AprDec. 2009 127.6 | (Decrease) 111.3 | Net financial income (+8.8) + Equity in earnings of associated companies (+17.5) The amount () represents changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year |
| | | [For March clo | nge rate Yen/USD sing companies] AprDec. 2009 94.42 | Variance (6.78) | [Average exchange rate Yen/AUD] [For December closing companies] |
| | | AprDec. 2009 94.42 | | <u>Variance</u> (9.32) | JanSep. 2009 JanSep. 2008 Variance AprDec. 2009 AprDec. 2008 Variance 94.53 106.47 (11.94) 76.38 89.39 (13.01) |

(3) Consolidated Statements of Income-Quarterly [Condensed]

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | Millions o | Millions of U.S. dollars | |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| _ | OctDec.2010 | OctDec.2009 | OctDec.2010 |
| Revenue: | | | |
| Sales revenue | ¥ 784,154 | ¥ 731,779 | \$ 9,623 |
| Trading margins and commissions on trading transactions | 134,748 | 131,120 | 1,653 |
| Total revenue | 918,902 | 862,899 | 11,276 |
| Cost of sales | (660,040) | (626,838) | (8,099) |
| Gross trading profit | 258,862 | 236,061 | 3,177 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | (192,722) | (196,130) | (2,365) |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (2,983) | (616) | (37) |
| Interest income | 2,520 | 2,518 | 31 |
| Interest expense | (6,789) | (8,209) | (83) |
| Dividends received | 5,531 | 4,012 | 68 |
| Loss on investments-net | (17,505) | (669) | (215) |
| Loss on property and equipment-net | (7,969) | (1,116) | (98) |
| Other-net | (2,810) | (2,475) | (34) |
| Total other-expenses | (222,727) | (202,685) | (2,733) |
| Income before income taxes and | | | |
| equity in earnings of associated companies | 36,135 | 33,376 | 444 |
| Income taxes | (4,290) | (18,004) | (53) |
| Income before equity in | | | |
| earnings of associated companies | 31,845 | 15,372 | 391 |
| Equity in earnings of associated companies | 13,965 | 13,383 | 171 |
| Net income | 45,810 | 28,755 | 562 |
| Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest | (3,449) | (3,476) | (42) |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | ¥ 42,361 | ¥ 25,279 | \$ 520 |
| = | | | |

Note:

"Total trading transactions" in accordance with Japanese accounting practice consists of sales with respect to transactions in which the companies act as principal and the total amount of transactions in which the companies act as agent.

Total trading transactions for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 were 2,836,316 million yen (34,806 million U.S.dollars) and 2,695,153 million yen respectively.

${\bf (4) \ Consolidated \ Statements \ of \ Comprehensive \ Income-Quarterly \ [Condensed]}$

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | Millions o | Millions of U.S. dollars | |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| _ | OctDec.2010 | OctDec.2009 | OctDec.2010 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | |
| Net income | ¥ 45,810 | ¥ 28,755 | \$ 562 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax): | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (11,625) | (11,898) | (143) |
| Pension liability adjustments | (502) | 2,255 | (6) |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities | 21,971 | (11,757) | 270 |
| Unrealized holding losses on derivative instruments | (682) | (654) | (8) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax) | 9,162 | (22,054) | 113 |
| Comprehensive income | 54,972 | 6,701 | 675 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to | | | |
| the noncontrolling interest | (3,013) | (1,601) | (37) |
| Comprehensive income attributable to ITOCHU | ¥ 51,959 | ¥ 5,100 | \$ 638 |

[Explanation for Consolidated Statements of Income -Quarterly]

| Revenue | (Unit : billion yen) Revenue | OctDec.2010 918.9 | OctDec.2009 862.9 | Increase (Decrease) 56.0 | Main reasons for changes In the Textile Company, the acquisitions of LEILIAN CO., LTD. in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year led to higher revenue in the period. In the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, revenue increased due to higher prices for mineral resources and for oil & gas compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year. In the Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Company, revenue increased due to higher prices for natural rubber as well as a rise in chemical prices |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Gross trading profit | (Unit : billion yen) Gross trading profit | OctDec.2010 258.9 | OctDec.2009 236.1 | Increase (Decrease) 22.8 | Increase in revenue in ITOCHU Corporation and existing subsidiaries: +19.9 Increase due to acquisition of subsidiaries: +5.8 Increase due to deconsolidation of subsidiaries: +0.5 Decrease due to foreign currency translation: -3.4 Refer to "(7) Segment Information" on page 21-22 |
| Selling, general and administrative | (Unit : billion yen) | Oct -Dec 2010 | OctDec.2009 | Increase (Decrease) | Decrease in ITOCHU Corporation and existing subsidiaries: +5.0 |
| expenses | Total of SG & A | (192.7) | (196.1) | 3.4 | [Decrease in pension cost: +1.5] |
| | Personnel expenses (Pension cost) | (80.6) | (80.0) | (0.7) | Increase due to acquisition of subsidiaries: -5.1 [Increase in pension cost: -0.1] |
| | Other expenses | (112.1) | (116.2) | 4.1 | Decrease due to deconsolidation of subsidiaries: +1.3 |
| | (Service charge, distribution costs) (Rent, depreciation and amortization) | (59.6) (23.0) | (64.3) (23.4) | 4.6 0.4 | Decrease due to foreign currency translation: +2.2 |
| | (Others) | (29.5) | (28.5) | (1.0) | |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (Unit : billion yen) Provision for doubtful receivables | OctDec.2010 (3.0) | OctDec.2009 (0.6) | Increase (Decrease) (2.4) | Due to the absence of reversal of the allowance for doubtful receivables that was recorded in the same period of the previous fiscal year |
| Net financial income | (Unit : billion yen) | Oct -Dec 2010 | OctDec.2009 | Increase (Decrease) | Improvement of net interest expenses, and increase in dividends received |
| (expenses) | Net financial income (expenses) | 1.3 | (1.7) | 2.9 | OctDec.2010 OctDec.2009 Variance |
| | Interest income Interest expense | 2.5 (6.8) | 2.5 (8.2) | 0.0 1.4 | Improvement of net interest expenses due to decline in U.S. dollars and yen interest rates |
| | Net interest expense Dividends received | (4.3) 5.5 | (5.7) 4.0 | 1.4 | Increase in dividends received from Textile +0.9, and LNG-related investments +0.3 (2.3→ 2.6) |
| T | (Unit : billion yen) | | | Increase | |
| Loss on investments-net | Loss on investments-net | OctDec.2010 (17.5) | OctDec.2009 (0.7) | (Decrease) (16.8) | Impairment loss on investments -10.0 (-6.7 \rightarrow -16.8) (refer to page 6 Note) Net gain (loss) on sales of investments -3.5 (3.4 \rightarrow -0.0) Loss on business disposals and others -3.4 (2.7 \rightarrow -0.7) |
| Loss on property | (Unit : billion yen) | | | Increase | |
| and equipment-net | Loss on | OctDec.2010 (8.0) | OctDec.2009 (1.1) | (Decrease) (6.9) | Increase in impairment loss -7.0 (-0.7 → -7.6) due to impairment losses on property (oil & |
| | property and equipment-net | (0.0) | (1.1) | (0.5) | gas assets, etc.). |
| Other-net | (Unit : billion yen) Other-net | OctDec.2010 (2.8) | OctDec.2009 (2.5) | Increase (Decrease) (0.3) | Due to a miscellaneous loss was improved, but losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America |
| | (Unit : billion yen) | | | Increase | |
| Income taxes | Income taxes | OctDec.2010 (4.3) | OctDec.2009 (18.0) | (Decrease) 13.7 | Due to increase in foreign tax credit, and deferred tax asset recognized resulting from impairment losses on common stocks in Orient Corporation |
| Equity in earnings of associated companies | (Unit : billion yen) Equity in earnings of associated companies | OctDec.2010 14.0 | OctDec.2009 13.4 | Increase (<u>Decrease</u>) 0.6 | TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP. $+3.4~(1.1\rightarrow 4.5)$, Brazil Japan Iron Ore Corporation $+2.7~(1.3\rightarrow 4.0)$, Equity-method associated companies of ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd $+1.4~(0.6\rightarrow 2.0)$, Japan Brazil Paper and Pulp Resources Development Co., Ltd. $+1.4~(-0.6\rightarrow 0.8)$, Orient Corporation [Impairment loss on investment] $-7.7~(0.6\rightarrow -7.1)$ (refer to page 6 Note), Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. $-0.6~(3.1\rightarrow 2.5)$ |
| | | | | Tanas | |
| Total trading transactions | (Unit : billion yen) Total trading transactions Gross trading profit ratio | OctDec.2010 2,836.3 9.1% | OctDec.2009 2,695.2 8.8% | Increase (Decrease) 141.2 0.4% | Refer to "(7) Segment Information" on page 21-22 Effect of foreign currency translation: Approximately -96.0 |
| | | | | | |
| Adjusted profit | (Unit : billion yen) Adjusted profit | OctDec.2010 81.4 | OctDec.2009 51.6 | Increase (Decrease) 29.7 | Adjusted profit (+29.7)= Gross trading profit (+22.8) + SG&A expenses (+3.4) + Net financial income (+2.9) + Equity in earnings of associated companies (+0.6) The amount () represents changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year |
| | | | | | |

(5) Consolidated Balance Sheets (Assets) [Condensed]

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010

| Assets | Millions | Millions of U.S. dollars | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | Dec. 2010 | Mar. 2010 | Dec. 2010 |
| Current assets: | _ | | _ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | ¥ 369,602 | ¥ 475,674 | \$ 4,536 |
| Time deposits | ¥ 309,002 44,116 | 7,523 | φ 4, 530 541 |
| Short-term investments. | 5,643 | 7,323 7,140 | 69 |
| Trade receivables: | 3,043 | 7,140 | 09 |
| Notes | 175,449 | 153,694 | 2,153 |
| | 1,345,652 | | 16,513 |
| Allowana for daultful maximal as | | 1,287,821 | , |
| Allowance for doubtful receivables | (12,095) | (14,833) | (148) |
| Net trade receivables | 1,509,006 | 1,426,682 | 18,518 |
| Due from associated companies | 125,177 | 96,279 | 1,536 |
| Inventories | 559,989 | 476,066 | 6,872 |
| Advances to suppliers | 82,402 | 72,870 | 1,011 |
| Prepaid expenses | 32,661 | 28,361 | 401 |
| Deferred tax assets | 39,264 | 45,759 | 482 |
| Other current assets | 244,321 | 257,127 | 2,998 |
| Total current assets | 3,012,181 | 2,893,481 | 36,964 |
| Investments and non-current receivables: | | | |
| Investments in and advances to associated companies | 989,210 | 938,689 | 12,139 |
| Other investments | 513,197 | 450,341 | 6,298 |
| Other non-current receivables | 152,668 | 163,515 | 1,873 |
| Allowance for doubtful receivables | (59,909) | (59,876) | (735) |
| Total investments and net non-current receivables | 1,595,166 | 1,492,669 | 19,575 |
| Property and equipment, at cost: | | | |
| Land | 162,441 | 164,522 | 1,994 |
| Buildings | 417,991 | 412,468 | 5,129 |
| Machinery and equipment | 432,474 | 420,640 | 5,307 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 86,002 | 82,871 | 1,056 |
| Mineral rights | 68,470 | 64,152 | 840 |
| Construction in progress | 27,319 | 30,838 | 335 |
| Total property and equipment, at cost | 1,194,697 | 1,175,491 | 14,661 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 528,462 | 509.140 | 6,485 |
| Net property and equipment | 666,235 | 666,351 | 8,176 |
| Prepaid pension cost | 2,372 | 7,603 | 29 |
| Deferred tax assets, non-current | 130,373 | 108,316 | 1,600 |
| Other assets | 286,881 | 308,427 | 3,520 |
| Total | ¥ 5,693,208 | ¥ 5,476,847 | \$ 69,864 |

(5) Consolidated Balance Sheets (Liabilities and Equity) [Condensed]

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 $\,$

| Liabilities and Equity | Millions o | Millions of U.S. dollars | | |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Dec. 2010 | Mar. 2010 | Dec. 2010 | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Short-term debt | ¥ 189,005 | ¥ 229,236 | \$ 2,319 | |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 46,567 | 60,728 | 571 | |
| Trade payables: | | | | |
| Notes and acceptances | 143,270 | 125,278 | 1,758 | |
| Accounts | 1,182,042 | 1,092,321 | 14,505 | |
| Total trade payables | 1,325,312 | 1,217,599 | 16,263 | |
| Due to associated companies | 25,996 | 25,431 | 319 | |
| Accrued expenses | 125,375 | 124,877 | 1,540 | |
| Income taxes payable | 43,660 | 38,763 | 536 | |
| Advances from customers | 98,999 | 80,030 | 1,215 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 1,964 | 868 | 24 | |
| Other current liabilities | 242,117 | 215,026 | 2,971 | |
| Total current liabilities | 2,098,995 | 1,992,558 | 25,758 | |
| Long-term debt, excluding current maturities | 2,132,551 | 2,107,589 | 26,169 | |
| Accrued retirement and severance benefits | 39,257 | 43,314 | 482 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities, non-current | 23,466 | 22,033 | 288 | |
| Total liabilities | 4,294,269 | 4,165,494 | 52,697 | |
| Equity: Common stock: | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Authorized: 3,000,000,000 shares; issued: | | | | |
| 1,584,889,504 shares | 202,241 | 202,241 | 2,482 | |
| Capital surplus. | 117,291 | 137,506 | 1,439 | |
| Retained earnings: | 117,271 | 137,300 | 1,437 | |
| Legal reserve | 18,216 | 16,117 | 224 | |
| Other retained earnings | 1,001,368 | 884,280 | 12,288 | |
| Total retained earnings | 1,019,584 | 900,397 | 12,512 | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (148,699) | (90,088) | (1,825) | |
| Pension liability adjustments | (85,231) | (86,479) | (1,046) | |
| Unrealized holding gains on securities | 55,489 | 40,544 | 681 | |
| Unrealized holding losses on derivative instruments | (1,735) | (3,015) | (21) | |
| Treasury stock, at cost | (2,651) | (2,687) | (33) | |
| Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity | 1,156,289 | 1,098,419 | 14,189 | |
| Noncontrolling interest | 242,650 | 212,934 | 2,978 | |
| Total equity | 1,398,939 | 1,311,353 | 17,167 | |
| Total | ¥ 5,693,208 | ¥ 5,476,847 | \$ 69,864 | |

[Explanation for Consolidated Balance Sheets]

| <u>Assets</u> | | | (| Unit: billion yen) | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| | Dec | c.2010 | Mar.2010 | Increase (Decrease) | Main reasons for changes: |
| Cash and cash equivalents, Time deposits | | 413.7 | 483.2 | (69.5) | |
| Net trade receivables | 1 | ,509.0 | 1,426.7 | 82.3 | Increase in Food due to seasonal factor on food distribution; and in Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise due to a rise in price; despite decrease resulted from the collection of receivables at the end of the previous fiscal year and due to seasonal factor in ICT, Aerospace & Electronics and Energy |
| Due from associated companies | | 125.2 | 96.3 | 28.9 | . Increase in food distribution in Food |
| Inventories | | 560.0 | 476.1 | 83.9 | Increase in food distribution due to seasonal factors in Food; in petroleum products in Energy; and in real-estate for sale in Construction & Realty |
| Investments in and advances to associated companies | | 989.2 | 938.7 | 50.5 | Increase in investments in Chinese food business through a joint holding company, holding the shares of TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP, which was established with "Asahi Breweries, Ltd.; despite impairment losses on investments in the common and preferred stocks which were issued by Orient Corporation |
| Other investments | | 513.2 | 450.3 | 62.9 | Due to new investments in resource companies with interests in uranium in the Energy Metals & |
| Net property and equipment | | 666.2 | 666.4 | (0.1) | Almost the same level due to additional capital expenditures in overseas natural resource . development sector and decrease resulting from the impairment of long-lived asset in Energy, Metals & Minerals; and decrease in Aerospace |
| Total assets | 5, | ,693.2 | 5,476.8 | 216.4 | Total assets as of December 31, 2010, were up by 4.0%, or 216.4 billion yen compared with March 31, 2010, to 5,693.2 billion yen (69,864 million U.S. dollars). There was a substantial decrease in cash and cash equivalents and time deposits. However, the inventories of petroleum products increased in the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company, in addition to increase in accounts receivable and inventories due to seasonal factor on food distribution in the Food Company, Also, investments increased due to new investments in resource companies with interests in uranium in the Energy, Metals & Minerals Company and in automobile company, as well as increase in investments in Chinese food business through a joint holding company, holding the shares of TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP, which was established with Asahi Breweries, Ltd. |
| Liabilities | | | (| Unit: billion yen) | |
| <u> Biuomires</u> | Day | c.2010 | Mar.2010 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| Total trade payables | | ,325.3 | 1,217.6 | 107.7 | Increase in food distribution, and Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise; and decrease in Energy and ICT, Aerospace & Electronics |
| Other current liabilities | | 242.1 | 215.0 | 27.1 | Increase in derivative liability due to rise in commodity prices and deferred income in ICT, Aerospace & Electronics |
| [Interest-bearing debt] Short-term debt | | 189.0 | 229.2 | (40.2) | |
| Current maturities of long-term | | 44.1 | 57.5 | (13.3) | |
| debt excluding debentures Current maturities of debentures | | 2.4 | 3.3 | (0.8) | |
| Short-term total | | 235.6 | 290.0 | (54.4) | |
| Long-term debt | | ,706.4 | 1,736.2 | (29.8) | |
| Debentures | | 245.5 | 183.1 | 62.4 | |
| Long-term total Total interest-bearing debt | | ,951.9 ,187.5 | 1,919.3 2,209.3 | (21.8) | Interest-bearing debt decreased by 1.0%, or 21.8 billion yen compared with March 31, 2010, to |
| Cash and cash equivalents, Time deposits | | 413.7 | 483.2 | (69.5) | 2,187.5 billion yen (26,844 million U.S. dollars). Net interest-bearing debt (interest-bearing debt after deducting cash and cash equivalents and time deposits) increased by 2.8%, or 47.7 billion yen, |
| Net interest-bearing debt | 1, | ,773.8 | 1,726.1 | 47.7 | compared with March 31, 2010, to 1,773.8 billion yen (21,767 million U.S. dollars). |
| Net debt-to-stockholders' equity ratio [times] | | 1.53 | 1.57 | 0.04 improved | NET DER (net debt-to-stockholders' equity ratio) was 1.53 times. |
| <u>Equity</u> | | | (| Unit: billion yen) Increase | |
| Common stock | Dec | 202.2 | Mar.2010 202.2 | (Decrease) | |
| | *** | | | (20.2) | Due to the purchase of additional shares of the common stock of NIPPON ACCESS, INC., a |
| Capital surplus | | 117.3 | 137.5 | (20.2) | subsidiary, which was accounted for as an equity transaction |
| Retained earnings: Legal reserve | 1, | ,019.6 | 900.4 | 2.1 | |
| Other retained earnings | | ,001.4 | 884.3 | 117.1 | Net income attributable to ITOCHU +145.3, Dividend payment -26.1, |
| Accumulated other | | | | | Transfer to legal reserve and others -2.1 |
| comprehensive income (loss): | | (180.2) | (139.0) | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | (148.7) | (90.1) | | . Effect of yen's appreciation |
| Pension liability adjustments Unrealized holding gains on securities | | (85.2) 55.5 | (86.5) 40.5 | 1.2 14.9 | . Due to increase in stock market prices mainly in automobile and uranium-related companies |
| Unrealized holding losses on derivative | | (1.7) | (3.0) | | |
| instruments | | | | | ITOCHU stockholders' equity increased by 5.3%, or 57.9 billion yen from March 31, 2010, to 1,156.3 billion yen (14,189 million U.S. dollars). On one hand, Net income attributable to |
| Treasury stock, at cost | 1 | (2.7) | 1.008.4 | 57.9 | ITOCHU increased by 145.3 billion yen and increase in net unrealized holding gains on |
| Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity | | ,156.3 | 1,098.4 | | securities. On the other hand, there were decreases from dividends payment, deterioration in |
| Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets | | 20.3% | 20.1% | 0.3% | foreign currency translation adjustments because of the yen's appreciation, and decrease in Capital surplus of 19.4 billion yen due to the purchase of additional shares of the common |
| Noncontrolling interest | | 242.7 | 212.9 | 29.7 | stock of NIPPON ACCESS, INC., a subsidiary, which was accounted for as an equity transaction. |
| Total equity | 1, | ,398.9 | 1,311.4 | 87.6 | As a result, Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets increased by 0.3 points from March 31, 2010, to 20.3%. Total equity, or the total of ITOCHU stockholders' equity and noncontrolling interest, which means the total equity of the entire Group, increased by 6.7%, or 87.6 billion yen, compared with March 31, 2010, to 1,398.9 billion yen (17,167 million U.S. dollars). |
| | [Fo <u>Dec</u> <u>S</u> <u>Dec</u> <u>G</u> [The <u>Dec</u> | or Marc c.2010 31.49 c.2009 02.10 e Nikke | change rate th closing co Mar.2010 93.04 Mar.2009 98.23 ti Stock Ave Mar.2010 11,089 | ompanies] <u>Variance</u> (11.55) <u>Variance</u> (6.13) | [Current exchange rate Yen/AUD] [For December closing companies] For March closing companies] Sep.2010 Dec.2009 Variance 83.82 92.10 (8.28) 83.13 85.28 (2.15) Sep.2009 Dec.2008 Variance 90.21 91.03 (0.82) 82.28 67.01 15.27 |

(6) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows [Condensed]

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | Millions | Millions of U.S. dollars | |
|--|--|--------------------------|-------------|
| | AprDec.2010 | AprDec.2009 | AprDec.2010 |
| Cash flows from operating activities : | Millions of Yen AprDec.2009 AprDec.2 | | |
| Net income | ¥ 153,819 | ¥ 87,973 | \$ 1,888 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash | | | |
| provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 54,586 | 55,336 | 670 |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | 4,021 | 4,957 | 49 |
| (Gain) loss on investments-net | 27,921 | (4,489) | 343 |
| (Gain) loss on property and equipment-net | 1,508 | (841) | 19 |
| Gain on bargain purchase in acquisition | - | (9,129) | - |
| Equity in earnings of associated companies, | | | |
| less dividends received | (32,189) | (21,257) | (396) |
| Deferred income taxes | (26,426) | 15,949 | (324) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, other-net | (28,537) | (14,245) | (351) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 154,703 | 114,254 | 1,898 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: Net purchases of property, equipment and other assets | (61,422) | (56,279) | (754) |
| Net increase in investments in and advances | | | |
| to associated companies | (67,979) | (78,535) | (834) |
| Net purchases of other investments | (54,806) | (26,781) | (673) |
| Net (origination) collections of other non-current loan receivables | (7,271) | 4,528 | (89) |
| Net (increase) decrease in time deposits | (36,909) | 1,200 | (453) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (228,387) | (155,867) | (2,803) |
| Cash flows from financing activities : | | | |
| Net proceeds of long-term debt | 18,865 | 159,644 | 232 |
| Net decrease in short-term debt | (24,871) | (265,654) | (305) |
| Other | (21,350) | (32,584) | (263) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (27,356) | (138,594) | (336) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (5,032) | 4,583 | (61) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (106,072) | (175,624) | (1,302) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 475,674 | 628,820 | 5,838 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | ¥ 369,602 | ¥ 453,196 | \$ 4,536 |

(Note) From this first quarter, "Net (increase) decrease in marketable securities" is included in "Net purchases of other investments".

[Explanation for Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows]

| Note: Explanation for Consolida Note: | Cash-inflow: | " + " | 110W5j | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--|
| Explanation for indication | | | ase in liabiliti | es" : Cash-inflow |
| Cash flows from | "Increase in ass | ets" or "Decre | ase in liabiliti | es" : Cash-outflow |
| operating activities | | | | (Unit: billion yen) |
| | AprDec. 2010 A | prDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | Major items |
| Net income | 153.8 | 88.0 | 65.8 | |
| Non-cash charges of P/L | 29.4 | 40.5 | (11.1) | |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, other-net | (28.5) a | (14.2) b | (14.3) | a : Trade receivables / payables +29.3, Inventories -98.0 Other +40.2 b : Trade receivables / payables +96.8, Inventories -94.1 Other -16.9 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 154.7 | 114.3 | 40.4 | Other -16.9 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | (Unit: billion yen) |
| | <u>AprDec. 2010</u> <u>A</u> | prDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| Net purchases of property, equipment and other assets | (61.4) a | (56.3) b | (5.1) | a : Additional capital expenditures and purchase of interests in natural resource development sector -44.2 b : Capital expenditures in natural resource development sector -19.5 Net purchase by food subsidiaries -6.7 Purchase by ITOCHU Corporation -5.0 |
| Net increase in investments in and advances to associated companies | (68.0) a | (78.5) b | 10.6 | a: Purchase of investment asset in relation to an establishment of a joint holding company with Asahi Breweries, Ltd. for Chinese food business -43.5 Purchase on portfolio interests of power plants in North America -14.3 b: Net increase in investments in food and textile business -69.3 Investment in leasing business -5.9 |
| Net purchases of other investments | (54.8) a | (26.8) b | (28.0) | a: Investment in natural resource development sector -30.4 Investment in automobile business -10.8 b: Investment in natural resource development sector -9.4 Net purchase net of cash acquired in acquisitions of C.I.Kasei Co., Ltd. and ITOCHU LOGISTICS CORP8.7 |
| Net (origination) collections of other non-current loan receivables | (7.3) a | 4.5 b | (11.8) | a : Origination -30.6, collections +23.4 b : Origination -22.6, collections +27.1 |
| Net (increase) decrease in time deposits | (36.9) a | 1.2 | (38.1) | a: Increase by ITOCHU Corporation -39.6 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (228.4) | (155.9) | (72.5) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | | (Unit: billion yen) |
| | AprDec. 2010 A | prDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | |
| Net proceeds of long-term debt | 18.9 a | 159.6 b | (140.8) | a: Proceeds +244.7, repayment -225.8 b: Proceeds +411.2, repayment -251.6 |
| Net decrease in short-term debt | (24.9) a | (265.7) b | 240.8 | a : Net decrease by ITOCHU Corporation -19.3b : Net decrease by ITOCHU Corporation -267.4 |
| Other | (21.4) a | (32.6) b | 11.2 | a: Purchase of the common stock of NIPPON ACCESS, INC., a subsidiary -26.0 Dividends paid -26.1, dividends paid to noncontrolling stockholders -7.7 An equity transaction in relation to an establishment of a joint holding company with Asahi Breweries, Ltd. for Chinese food business +43.5 b: Dividends paid -24.5, dividends paid to noncontrolling stockholders -6.8 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (27.4) (Note) Repaym | (138.6) | 111.2 | f long-term debt are included in "Net proceeds of long-term debt". |

(7) Segment Information

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

ITOCHU Corporation and its subsidiaries, have a diverse palette of functions and expertise through investments in resources development operations and also as a strategic partner, as well as wide range of business activities such as trading, finance, logistics and coordinating the projects. By using this diverse palette and global networks, 7 division companies have been promoting and developing many kinds of business in textile, food and general merchandise as Consumer-related sector, metal resources, oil and gas as Natural resource / energy-related sector, chemical, machinery, information technology, finance and real-estate as Other sectors, as well as life care, ecology and new energy as New business sector.

The Company and its subsidiaries have introduced a division company system, and information on operating segments is prepared and presented according to this system.

This system is regularly used for decisions in operations, including resource allocations, and evaluations by the management.

Information concerning operations in different operating segments for the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

| | | For the | nine months | ended Decem | ber 31, 2010 (| April 1, 2010 | -December 3 | 1, 2010) | |
|--|----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|--|------------------------------|
| _ | Textile | Machinery | ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | Energy, Metals & Minerals | Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | Food | Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | Millions of Yen Consolidated |
| Total trading transactions: Unaffiliated customers | | | | | | | | | |
| and associated companies¥ Transfers between operating segments | 434,301 361 | ¥ 638,485 148 | ¥ 410,286 6,449 | ¥ 2,903,166 395 | ¥ 1,522,343 18,839 | ¥ 2,363,626 1,804 | ¥ 111,951 11,024 | ¥ 120,968 (39,020) | ¥ 8,505,126 |
| Total trading transactions | 434,662 | 638,633 | 416,735 | 2,903,561 | 1,541,182 | 2,365,430 | 122,975 | 81,948 | 8,505,126 |
| Gross trading profit | 94,763 | 37,468 | 92,863 | 149,267 | 88,348 | 258,032 | 25,701 | 17,769 | 764,211 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 12,801 | 8,582 | 6,632 | 87,031 | 21,017 | 27,325 | (11,538) | (6,513) | 145,337 |
| [Equity in earnings of associated companies] | [4,886] | [6,572] | [3,132] | [20,044] | [5,026] | [15,807] | [(3,495)] | [(355)] | [51,617] |
| • • | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets at December 31, 2010 | 432,008 | 551,714 | 467,219 | 1,282,331 | 778,858 | 1,370,362 | 388,787 | 421,929 | 5,693,208 |
| | | For th | nino montho | andad Dagam | ber 31, 2009 (| April 1 2000 | Dagambar 21 | 2000) | |
| _ | | FOU | ICT, | Energy, | Chemicals, Forest | April 1, 2009 - | Finance, Realty, | Other, | Millions of Yen |
| | Textile | Machinery | Aerospace & Electronics | Metals & Minerals | Products & General Merchandise | Food | Insurance & Logistics Services | Adjustments & Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Total trading transactions: Unaffiliated customers | | | | | | | | | |
| and associated companies¥ | 377,375 | ¥ 526,717 | ¥ 413,445 | ¥ 2,296,455 | ¥ 1,319,882 | ¥ 2,345,500 | ¥ 95,118 | ¥ 122,639 | ¥ 7,497,131 |
| Transfers between operating segments | 404 | 1,273 | 4,500 | 283 | 15,392 | 1,379 | 11,461 | (34,692) | |
| Total trading transactions | 377,779 | 527,990 | 417,945 | 2,296,738 | 1,335,274 | 2,346,879 | 106,579 | 87,947 | 7,497,131 |
| Gross trading profit | 76,400 | 31,408 | 94,889 | 95,425 | 81,042 | 257,501 | 24,829 | 14,574 | 676,068 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 13,175 | 1,757 | 410 | 42,421 | 12,675 | 25,901 | 1,664 | (17,388) | 80,615 |
| [Equity in earnings of associated companies] | [6,125] | [6,063] | [580] | [7,024] | [(215)] | [11,236] | [4,532] | [(1,186)] | [34,159] |
| Total assets at December 31, 2009 | 398,051 | 540,785 | 507,069 | 1,258,218 | 723,365 | 1,276,049 | 413,302 | 496,453 | 5,613,292 |
| Total assets at March 31, 2010 | 417,380 | 544,958 | 513,249 | 1,249,048 | 727,994 | 1,130,719 | 382,135 | 511,364 | 5,476,847 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | For the | nine months | ended Decem | ber 31, 2010 (| April 1, 2010 | | 1, 2010) | Millions of U.S.dollars |
| _ | Textile | Machinery | ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | Energy, Metals & Minerals | Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | Food | Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Total trading transactions: Unaffiliated customers | | | | | | | | | |
| and associated companies\$ | 5,330 | | | | | | | | \$ 104,370 |
| Transfers between operating segments Total trading transactions | 5,334 | 7,837 | <u>79</u> 5,114 | 35,631 | 231 18,912 | 29,027 | 1,509 | 1,006 | 104,370 |
| _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 1,163 | 460 | 1,140 | 1,832 | 1,084 | 3,166 | 315 | 218 | 9,378 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU [Equity in earnings | 157 | 105 | 81 | 1,068 | 258 | 335 | (141) | (80) | 1,783 |
| of associated companies] | [60] | [81] | [38] | [246] | [62] | [194] | [(43)] | [(4)] | [634] |
| Total assets at December 31, 2010 | 5,301 | 6,770 | 5,734 | 15,736 | 9,558 | 16,816 | 4,771 | 5,178 | 69,864 |

Note:

- 1. "Equity in earnings of associated companies" is included in Net income attributable to ITOCHU.
- "Total trading transactions" is presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practice.
 Total trading transactions consist of sales with respect to transactions in which the companies act as principal and the total amount of transactions in which the companies act as agent.

| [Explanation for | - F | 1011 | nationj | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|---|--|--|--|
| Tuodina | (Unit : billion yen) | | Anr. Dec 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | Increase (Decrease) | Main reasons for changes |
| Trading transactions | Textile | | 434.3 | 377.4 | | Increase due to acquisitions of JAVA HOLDINGS CO., LTD. and LEILIAN CO., LTD. |
| for unaffiliated customers and | Machinery | | 638.5 | 526.7 | 111.8 | Increase due to recovery in automobile transactions |
| associated companies | ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | | 410.3 | 413.4 | (3.2) | Decrease due to less transactions in ICT-related businesses |
| | Energy, Metals & Minerals | | 2,903.2 | 2,296.5 | 606.7 | Increase due to higher prices for mineral resources and oil & gas and increase in transaction volume |
| | Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | | 1,522.3 | 1,319.9 | 202.5 | Increase due to gains in prices for both natural rubber and pulp, and slight recovery from the bottom of poor "housing markets in the U.S. and Japan, as well as strong transaction in chemicals |
| | Food | | 2,363.6 | 2,345.5 | 18.1 | Increase due to price rise in food materials, such as feed grains, oils and fats, and increase in transaction volume |
| | Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | | 112.0 | 95.1 | 16.8 | Increase due to strong sales for condominiums in proportion to construction completions, and increase in irransaction volume for logistics-related businesses |
| | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | | 121.0 | 122.6 | (1.7) | Decrease due to the effect from the sale of a domestic subsidiary, despite increase in transactions for solar-related and life-care-related businesses |
| | Total | | 8,505.1 | 7,497.1 | 1,008.0 | |
| C | | | | | Increase | |
| Gross trading profit | (Unit : billion yen) Textile | | AprDec. 2010 94.8 | AprDec. 2009 76.4 | (Decrease) 18.4 | Main reasons for changes Increase due to acquisitions of JAVA HOLDINGS CO., LTD. and LEILIAN CO., LTD. |
| | Machinery | | 37.5 | 31.4 | | Increase due to recovery in automobile transactions |
| | ICT, Aerospace | | 92.9 | 94.9 | | Decrease due to less transactions in ICT-related businesses |
| | & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals | | 149.3 | 95.4 | 53.8 | Increase due to higher prices and increase in transactions for mineral resources, despite trading profit decreased |
| | Chemicals, Forest Products | | 88.3 | 81.0 | 7.3 | "due to low operation performance for petroleum products Increase due to gains in prices for both natural rubber and pulp, and slight recovery from the bottom of poor |
| | & General Merchandise | | 00.3 | 81.0 | 7.5 | "housing markets in the U.S. and Japan, as well as strong transaction in chemicals Increase due to increase in transactions volume for food distribution sector resulting from extremely hot weather |
| | Food | | 258.0 | 257.5 | 0.5 | boost to consumer spending this summer, decrease due to worsened profitability caused by flagging domestic feed price level compared with international level in feed grains |
| | Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | | 25.7 | 24.8 | 0.9 | Increase due to strong sales for condominiums in proportion to increase in construction completions, and increase in transaction volume for logistics-related businesses, despite making a real estate-related subsidiary an equitymethod associated company |
| | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | | 17.8 | 14.6 | 3.2 | Increase due to increase in transactions for solar-related and life-care-related businesses |
| | Total | | 764.2 | 676.1 | 88.1 | |
| Net income | | | | | Increase | |
| attributable to | (Unit : billion yen) | Α | AprDec. 2010 | AprDec. 2009 | (Decrease) | Main reasons for changes |
| attributable to ITOCHU | (Unit : billion yen) Textile | | AprDec. 2010 12.8 | AprDec. 2009 13.2 | | Main reasons for changes Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit |
| | | | | | (Decrease) | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, |
| | Textile | | 12.8 | 13.2 | (0.4) | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace | | 12.8 8.6 | 13.2 | (0.4) 6.8 6.2 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of "associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | | 8.6 6.6 | 13.2 | (0.4) 6.8 6.2 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products | | 8.6 6.6 87.0 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal "year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 | (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase in gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal "year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on "bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 44.6 8.3 1.4 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 44.6 1.4 (13.2) | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on "bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional |
| <u>ІТОСНИ</u> | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments & Eliminations Total | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) (6.5) | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 1.7 (17.4) 80.6 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 8.3 1.4 (13.2) 10.9 64.7 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America |
| | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments & Eliminations Total (Unit: billion yen) | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) (6.5) 145.3 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 1.7 (17.4) 80.6 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 8.3 1.4 (13.2) 10.9 64.7 Increase (Decrease) | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, "despite increase due to improved gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America |
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| <u>ІТОСНИ</u> | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments & Eliminations Total (Unit: billion yen) Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) (6.5) 145.3 Dec. 2010 432.0 551.7 467.2 1,282.3 778.9 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 1.7 (17.4) 80.6 Mar. 2010 417.4 545.0 513.2 1,249.0 728.0 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 8.3 1.4 (13.2) 10.9 64.7 Increase (Decrease) 14.6 6.8 (46.0) 33.3 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America Main reasons for changes Increase in trade receivables due to a seasonal factor Almost the same level due to new investments in this fiscal year, despite decrease in advance to suppliers and short-term loan related to plants and ships transaction Decrease due to collection of trade receivables Increase due to additional capital expenditures and purchase of interests in the overseas natural re |
| <u>ІТОСНИ</u> | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments & Eliminations Total (Unit: billion yen) Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) (6.5) 145.3 Dec. 2010 432.0 551.7 467.2 1,282.3 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 1.7 (17.4) 80.6 Mar. 2010 417.4 545.0 513.2 1,249.0 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 8.3 1.4 (13.2) 10.9 64.7 Increase (Decrease) 14.6 6.8 (46.0) 33.3 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net. and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase. in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America Main reasons for changes Increase in trade receivables due to new investments in this fiscal year, despite decrease in advance to suppliers and short-term loan related to plants and ships transaction Decrease due to collection of trade receivables Increase due to additional capital expenditures and purchase of interests in the overseas natural resource development sector, and investments in res |
| <u>ІТОСНИ</u> | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments & Eliminations Total (Unit: billion yen) Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) (6.5) 145.3 Dec. 2010 432.0 551.7 467.2 1,282.3 778.9 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 1.7 (17.4) 80.6 Mar. 2010 417.4 545.0 513.2 1,249.0 728.0 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 8.3 1.4 (13.2) 10.9 64.7 Increase (Decrease) 14.6 6.8 (46.0) 33.3 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net. and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase. in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America Main reasons for changes Increase due to collection of trade receivables Increase due to additional capital expenditures and purchase of interests in the overseas natural resource development sector, and investments in resource companies with interests in uranium Increase in trade receivables and inventories due to sales increase for food distribution sectors and seasonal factors, as well as inc |
| <u>ІТОСНИ</u> | Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Other, Adjustments & Eliminations Total (Unit: billion yen) Textile Machinery ICT, Aerospace & Electronics Energy, Metals & Minerals Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise Food Finance, Realty, Insurance | | 12.8 8.6 6.6 87.0 21.0 27.3 (11.5) (6.5) 145.3 Dec. 2010 432.0 551.7 467.2 1,282.3 778.9 | 13.2 1.8 0.4 42.4 12.7 25.9 1.7 (17.4) 80.6 Mar. 2010 417.4 545.0 513.2 1,249.0 728.0 1,130.7 | (Decrease) (0.4) 6.8 6.2 44.6 8.3 1.4 (13.2) 10.9 64.7 Increase (Decrease) 14.6 (46.0) 33.3 50.9 239.6 | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit and increase in dividends received, as well as equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on investment securities Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investment securities in the same period of the previous fiscal year and equity in earnings of associated companies and cost reduction, despite decrease in gross trading profit Significant increase due to increase in dividends received from LNG business, gain on property and equipment-net. and equity in earnings of associated companies, as well as gross trading profit, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets Increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite the absence of net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. in the same period of the previous fiscal year Increase due to increase in equity in earnings of associated companies and gross trading profit, despite the absence of gain on sales of investment in the same period of the previous fiscal year Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase in foreign tax credit, despite impairment loss on investment securities as well as losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America Main reasons for changes Increase in trade receivables due to a seasonal factor Almost the same level due to new investments in this fiscal year, despite decrease in advance to suppliers and short-term loan related to plants and ships transaction Decrease due to additional capital expenditures and purchase of interests in the overseas natural resource development sector, and investments in resour |

ITOCHU Corporation and Subsidiaries

For the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (Third quarter of fiscal year 2011 and 2010)

Information concerning operations in different operating segments for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

| | | For the | three months | ended Deceml | ber 31, 2010 (C | October 1, 201 | 10 -December | 31, 2010) | |
|--|---|-----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|
| | Textile | Machinery | ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | Energy, Metals & Minerals | Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | Food | Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | Millions of Yen Consolidated |
| Total trading transactions: Unaffiliated customers and associated companies Transfers between operating segments | | ¥ 206,157 | ¥ 141,313 2,049 | ¥ 916,382 | ¥ 525,939 7,062 | ¥ 804,607 825 | ¥ 41,448 3,204 | ¥ 45,822 (13,430) | ¥ 2,836,316 |
| Total trading transactions | | 206,193 | 143,362 | 916,496 | 533,001 | 805,432 | 44,652 | 32,392 | 2,836,316 |
| Gross trading profit | 33,964 | 12,299 | 31,969 | 48,849 | 29,529 | 85,821 | 9,060 | 7,371 | 258,862 |
| | | | | | | | | · | |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU [Equity in earnings | 5,723 | 2,066 | 2,002 | 24,096 | 7,126 | 11,956 | (11,737) | 1,129 | 42,361 |
| of associated companies] | [1,425] | [1,616] | [439] | [7,061] | [2,114] | [7,208] | [(5,875)] | [(23)] | [13,965] |
| Tatal and at Danish at 21, 2010 | 422.000 | | 4/7.210 | 1 202 221 | ==0.050 | 1 250 262 | 200 505 | 421.020 | 5 (02 200 |
| Total assets at December 31, 2010 | 432,008 | 551,714 | 467,219 | 1,282,331 | 778,858 | 1,370,362 | 388,787 | 421,929 | 5,693,208 |
| | | For th | e three months | ended Decemb | ber 31, 2009 (C | October 1, 2009 | 9-December 31 Finance. | | Millions of Yen |
| | Textile | Machinery | ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | Energy, Metals & Minerals | Forest Products & General Merchandise | Food | Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Total trading transactions: Unaffiliated customers | | | | | | | | | |
| and associated companies | ¥ 133,041 | ¥ 175,646 | ¥ 136,168 | ¥ 917,222 | ¥ 469,544 | ¥ 788,922 | ¥ 28,416 | ¥ 46,194 | ¥ 2,695,153 |
| Transfers between operating segments | | 125 | 1,675 | 127 | 5,339 | 1,192 | 5,208 | (13,775) | |
| Total trading transactions | 133,150 | 175,771 | 137,843 | 917,349 | 474,883 | 790,114 | 33,624 | 32,419 | 2,695,153 |
| Gross trading profit | 30,849 | 7,455 | 33,234 | 37,842 | 29,193 | 86,246 | 8,080 | 3,162 | 236,061 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 6,069 | (2,261) | (806) | 16,337 | 4,530 | 7,396 | (685) | (5,301) | 25,279 |
| [Equity in earnings | F1 2021 | [055] | F2077 | F4 2077 | Eu a | [4.055] | [2.250] | F/260VI | F12 202 |
| of associated companies] | [1,282] | [955] | [287] | [4,297] | [416] | [4,055] | [2,359] | [(268)] | [13,383] |
| Total assets at December 31, 2009 | 398,051 | 540,785 | 507,069 | 1,258,218 | 723,365 | 1,276,049 | 413,302 | 496,453 | 5,613,292 |
| | | For the | three months | ended Decemi | ber 31, 2010 (C | October 1, 201 | 10 -December Finance, | | Millions of U.S.dollars |
| | Textile | Machinery | ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | Energy, Metals & Minerals | Forest Products & General Merchandise | Food | Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Total trading transactions: Unaffiliated customers | | | | | | | | | |
| and associated companies | , | \$ 2,530 | | \$ 11,246 | | | | \$ 562 | \$ 34,806 |
| Transfers between operating segments | | 0 | 25 | 1 | 87 | 10 | 39 | (164) | - 24.004 |
| Total trading transactions | 1,899 | 2,530 | 1,759 | 11,247 | 6,541 | 9,884 | 548 | 398 | 34,806 |
| Gross trading profit | 417 | 151 | 392 | 600 | 362 | 1,053 | 111 | 91 | 3,177 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU[Equity in earnings | 70 | 25 | 25 | 296 | <u>87</u> | 147 | (144) | 14 | 520 |
| of associated companies] | [17] | [20] | [5] | [87] | [26] | [88] | [(72)] | [0] | [171] |
| Total assets at December 31, 2010 | 5,301 | 6,770 | 5,734 | 15,736 | 9,558 | 16,816 | 4,771 | 5,178 | 69,864 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Note

 $^{1. \ &}quot;Equity in earnings of associated companies" is included in Net income attributable to ITOCHU.\\$

[&]quot;Total trading transactions" is presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practice.Total trading transactions consist of sales with respect to transactions in which the companies act as principal and the total amount of transactions in which the companies act as agent.

[Explanation for Operating Segment Information]

| Trading |
|------------------|
| transactions |
| for unaffiliated |
| customers and |
| associated |
| companies |

| Total | | 2,836.3 | 2,695.2 | 141.2 |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|--|
| Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | | 45.8 | 46.2 | Almost the same level due to the effect from the sale of a domestic subsidiary, offset by increase in transactions for solar-related and life-care-related businesses |
| Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | | 41.4 | 28.4 | 13.0 Increase due to strong sales for condominiums in proportion to construction completions and increase in transaction volume for logistics-related businesses |
| Food | | 804.6 | 788.9 | 15.7 Increase due to increase in transaction volume for subsidiaries of food distribution |
| Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | | 525.9 | 469.5 | 56.4Increase due to gains in prices for natural rubber, as well as strong transaction in chemicals |
| Energy, Metals & Minerals | | 916.4 | 917.2 | (0.8)Almost the same level due to higher prices for mineral resources and oil & gas, despite less transaction volume for petroleum products |
| ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | | 141.3 | 136.2 | 5.1 Increase due to increase in transaction volume for industrial machinery-related business and sales of aviation-related assets, despite less transactions in ICT-related businesses |
| Machinery | | 206.2 | 175.6 | 30.5 Increase due to recovery in automobile transactions |
| Textile | | 154.6 | 133.0 | 21.6Increase due to acquisition of LEILIAN CO., LTD., despite almost the same level for JAVA HOLDINGS CO LTD. for the acquisition in the same period of the previous fiscal year |
| (Unit : billion yen) | 0 | ctDec. 2010 O | ctDec. 2009 (| Decrease) Main reasons for changes |

Gross trading profit

| | | | Increase | |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------|--|
| (Unit : billion yen) | OctDec. 2010 | OctDec. 2009 | (Decrease) | Main reasons for changes |
| Textile | 34.0 | 30.8 | 3.1 | Increase due to acquisition of LEILIAN CO., LTD. |
| Machinery | 12.3 | 7.5 | 4.8 | Increase due to recovery in automobile transactions |
| ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | 32.0 | 33.2 | (1.3) | Decrease due to less transactions in ICT-related business, despite increase in industrial machinery-related and aviation-related businesses |
| Energy, Metals & Minerals | 48.8 | 37.8 | 11.0 | Increase due to higher prices for mineral resources, despite trading profit decreased due to low operation performance for petroleum products |
| Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | 29.5 | 29.2 | 0.3 | Increase due to strong transaction in chemicals |
| Food | 85.8 | 86.2 | (0.4) | Decrease due to worsened profitability caused by flagging domestic feed price level compared with international evel in feed grains, despite increase in transaction volume for food distribution sector |
| Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | 9.1 | 8.1 | 1.0 | Increase due to strong sales for condominiums in proportion to increase in construction completions |
| Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | 7.4 | 3.2 | 4.2 | Increase due to increase in transactions for solar-related and life-care-related businesses |
| Total | 258.9 | 236.1 | 22.8 | |

Net income attributable to ITOCHU

| | | | Increase | |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------|--|
| (Unit : billion yen) | OctDec. 2010 | OctDec. 2009 | (Decrease) | Main reasons for changes |
| Textile | 5.7 | 6.1 | (0.3). | Slight decrease due to the absence of nonrecurring profit in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite increase in gross trading profit and dividends received |
| Machinery | 2.1 | (2.3) | 4.3 . | Increase in gross trading profit and dividends received as well as increase in equity in earnings of associated |
| ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | 2.0 | (0.8) | 2.8 . | Increase due to the absence of impairment loss on investments in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite decrease in gross trading profit |
| Energy, Metals & Minerals | 24.1 | 16.3 | 7.8 . | Increase due to increase in gross trading profit and equity in earnings of associated companies, despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets |
| Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | 7.1 | 4.5 | 2.6 . | Increase in gross trading profit, as well as increase in equity in earnings of associated companies |
| Food | 12.0 | 7.4 | 4.6 . | Increase due to improved income tax and increase in equity in earnings of associated companies, despite decrease in gross trading profit |
| Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | (11.7) | (0.7) | (11.1). | Decrease due to impairment losses on common and preferred stocks of Orient Corporation, despite increase in gross trading profit |
| Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | 1.1 | (5.3) | | Increase due to the absence of nonrecurring tax expense in the same period of the previous fiscal year and increase in foreign tax credit, as well as increase in gross trading profit, despite losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America |
| Total | 42.4 | 25.3 | 17.1 | |

(8) Assumption for Going Concern

N/A

(9) Information Concerning Dividend Payment (Dividend paid in the nine months ended December 31, 2010)

| (Resolution) | Ctools tring | Total dividend | Dividend | Record date | Effective date | Dividend resource | |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| (Resolution) | Stock type | amount | per share | Record date | Effective date | Dividend resource | |
| | | millions of yen | yen | | | | |
| General meeting of Stockholders on June 25, 2010 | Common Stock | 11,865 | 7.50 | March 31, 2010 | June 28, 2010 | Retained earnings | |
| Board of directors' meeting | | millions of yen | yen | | | | |
| on November 1, 2010 | Common stock | 14,237 | 9.00 | September 30, 2010 | December 2, 2010 | Retained earnings | |

(10) Significant Changes in Stockholders' Equity N/A

5. Performance of Group Companies attributable to ITOCHU

For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

Components of Consolidated Net income attributable to ITOCHU

| [For the nine months ended Decer | nber 31] | | | [For the three months ended Dece | ember 31] | | |
|---|----------|---------|------------|--|-----------|---------|------------|
| (Unit: billion yen) | 2010 | 2009 | Increase | (Unit: billion yen) | 2010 | 2009 | Increase |
| (Olit. billion yell) | AprDec. | AprDec. | (Decrease) | (Onit. billion yen) | OctDec. | OctDec. | (Decrease) |
| Parent company | 40.4 | 39.6 | 0.8 | Parent company | 5.9 | 18.1 | (12.2) |
| Group companies excluding overseas trading subsidiaries | 149.9 | 81.9 | 68.0 | Group companies excluding overseas trading subsidiaries | 46.5 | 34.2 | 12.3 |
| Overseas trading subsidiaries | 7.7 | 5.9 | 1.8 | Overseas trading subsidiaries | (1.1) | 1.5 | (2.6) |
| Subtotal | 197.9 | 127.4 | 70.5 | Subtotal | 51.2 | 53.8 | (2.6) |
| Consolidation adjustments | (52.6) | (46.8) | (5.8) | Consolidation adjustments | (8.8) | (28.5) | 19.7 |
| Consolidated Net income | 145.3 | 80.6 | 64.7 | Consolidated Net income | 42.4 | 25.3 | 17.1 |
| attributable to ITOCHU | 143.3 | 60.0 | 04.7 | attributable to ITOCHU | 42.4 | 23.3 | 17.1 |
| Earnings from overseas businesses (*) | 105.9 | 41.5 | 64.5 | Earnings from overseas businesses (*) | 27.9 | 17.5 | 10.4 |
| Share of earnings from overseas businesses | 73% | 51% | | Share of earnings from overseas businesses | 66% | 69% | |

^{(*) &}quot;Earnings from overseas businesses" is the total of Net income attributable to ITOCHU of overseas trading subsidiaries and overseas group companies, plus Net income attributable to ITOCHU of overseas business of parent company and the companies established in Japan for specific overseas business whose sources of revenue are in overseas.

Number of Group Companies

| | December 31, 2010 | | | M | arch 31, 20 | 10 | | | | | Net |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|-------|----------|-------------|-------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|---------|
| | Domestic | Overseas | Total | Domestic | Overseas | Total | Increase | Decrease | Changes within | in Group | changes |
| Subsidiaries | 103 | 152 | 255 | 105 | 152 | 257 | + 7 | (8) | (-) | (1) | (2) |
| Equity-method associated companies | 63 | 93 | 156 | 65 | 91 | 156 | + 10 | (11) | (-) | + 1 | 0 |
| Total | 166 | 245 | 411 | 170 | 243 | 413 | + 17 | (19) | | | (2) |

Profits/Losses of Group Companies Reporting Profits/Losses

| | | _ | | | | | | (Unit: | billion yen) | |
|--|---------|------------|-------|---------|-----------|-------|---------------------|--------|--------------|--|
| | Ar | or Dec. 20 | 10 | Ap | r Dec. 20 | 09 | Increase (Decrease) | | | |
| | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total | |
| Group companies excluding overseas trading subsidiaries | 166.3 | (16.4) | 149.9 | 105.0 | (23.1) | 81.9 | + 61.3 | + 6.7 | + 68.0 | |
| Overseas trading subsidiaries | 10.7 | (3.1) | 7.7 | 6.4 | (0.4) | 5.9 | + 4.4 | (2.6) | + 1.8 | |
| Total | 177.0 | (19.5) | 157.5 | 111.4 | (23.5) | 87.8 | + 65.7 | + 4.0 | + 69.7 | |

Number/Share of Group Companies Reporting Profits

| | | Ap | r Dec. 20 | 10 | Ap | r Dec. 20 | 09 | Incre | ease (Decre | ase) |
|----------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|-------------|-------|
| | | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total |
| | Domestic | 81 | 22 | 103 | 74 | 33 | 107 | + 7 | (11) | (4) |
| Subsidiaries | Overseas | 109 | 43 | 152 | 103 | 52 | 155 | + 6 | (9) | (3) |
| Substataties | Total | 190 | 65 | 255 | 177 | 85 | 262 | + 13 | (20) | (7) |
| | Share (%) | 74.5% | 25.5% | 100.0% | 67.6% | 32.4% | 100.0% | + 7.0% | (7.0%) | |
| | Domestic | 49 | 14 | 63 | 47 | 23 | 70 | + 2 | (9) | (7) |
| Equity-method | Overseas | 69 | 24 | 93 | 52 | 36 | 88 | + 17 | (12) | + 5 |
| associated companies | Total | 118 | 38 | 156 | 99 | 59 | 158 | + 19 | (21) | (2) |
| | Share (%) | 75.6% | 24.4% | 100.0% | 62.7% | 37.3% | 100.0% | +13.0% | (13.0%) | |
| | Domestic | 130 | 36 | 166 | 121 | 56 | 177 | + 9 | (20) | (11) |
| Total | Overseas | 178 | 67 | 245 | 155 | 88 | 243 | + 23 | (21) | + 2 |
| 1 Otal | Total | 308 | 103 | 411 | 276 | 144 | 420 | + 32 | (41) | (9) |
| | Share (%) | 74.9% | 25.1% | 100.0% | 65.7% | 34.3% | 100.0% | + 9.2% | (9.2%) | |

Profits/Losses of Group Companies Reporting Profits/Losses

| FIGHTS/LOSSES OF Group Companies Reporting Fronts/Losses | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------|-----------|-------|---------|-----------|-------|---------------------|--------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | | (Unit: | billion yen) |
| | | Ap | r Dec. 20 | 10 | Ap | r Dec. 20 | 09 | Increase (Decrease) | | |
| | | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total |
| | Domestic | 33.0 | (3.5) | 29.5 | 31.4 | (7.1) | 24.3 | + 1.6 | + 3.6 | + 5.2 |
| Subsidiaries | Overseas (**) | 80.9 | (7.1) | 73.8 | 37.5 | (8.2) | 29.3 | + 43.4 | + 1.1 | + 44.5 |
| | Total | 113.9 | (10.6) | 103.3 | 69.0 | (15.3) | 53.7 | + 44.9 | + 4.8 | + 49.7 |
| Equity-method | Domestic | 44.1 | (5.8) | 38.3 | 31.4 | (6.2) | 25.2 | + 12.7 | + 0.4 | + 13.1 |
| | Overseas | 19.1 | (3.2) | 15.9 | 11.0 | (2.0) | 9.0 | + 8.1 | (1.2) | + 6.9 |
| associated companies | Total | 63.1 | (8.9) | 54.2 | 42.4 | (8.2) | 34.2 | + 20.7 | (0.7) | + 20.0 |
| | Domestic | 77.0 | (9.2) | 67.8 | 62.8 | (13.3) | 49.5 | + 14.2 | + 4.1 | + 18.3 |
| Total | Overseas | 100.0 | (10.3) | 89.7 | 48.5 | (10.2) | 38.3 | + 51.5 | (0.0) | + 51.4 |
| | Total | 177.0 | (19.5) | 157.5 | 111.4 | (23.5) | 87.8 | + 65.7 | + 4.0 | + 69.7 |

(**)Results of "Overseas trading subsidiaries" which are included in the above "Overseas" are as follows;

| | Apr Dec. 2010 | | | Aŗ | or Dec. 20 | 09 | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------|---------|------------|-------|---------------------|--------|-------|
| | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total | Profits | Losses | Total |
| Overseas trading subsidiaries | 10.7 | (3.1) | 7.7 | 6.4 | (0.4) | 5.9 | + 4.4 | (2.6) | + 1.8 |

Major New Group Companies

| Business Field | Name | Country | Voting Shares | Categories |
|----------------|--|---------|------------------|---|
| Machinery | BIO FUEL JAPAN CORPORATION | Japan | (50.0%) | Investment company in bio-ethanol production and power plant businesses |
| Textile | SUNRISE(SHENGZHOU) TEXTILES CO.,LTD | . China | (25.0%) | Shirting manufacturer |
| Textile | SUNRISE(SHENGZHOU) KNITS CO.,LTD. | China | (25.0%) | Knitting manufacturer |
| Energy | Dalian New Green Recycle & Resources Corporation | China | (75.0%) | Integrated recycling operation |
| Energy | JD Rockies Resources Limited | U.S.A. | (100.0%) | Shale oil project |
| Food | China Foods Investment Corp. | Japan | (74.1 %) | Business management of TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP. and its group companies |

Performance of Group Companies (Net income attributable to ITOCHU)

For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

Major Group Companies (Unit: billion yen)

| Name | | Shares | Method of | Net inco | me attributa | ble to ITO | CHU (*1) | Categories | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Town control of | | | Consolidation | AprDec. 2010 3Q | | AprD | ec. 2009 | | | | | |
| | JOI'X CORPORATION | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.1 | (0.1) | 0.0 | (0.5) | Manufacture, retail and sale of men's apparel | | | | |
| | SANKEI CO., LTD. | 90.5% | Consolidation | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | Sale of garment accessories | | | | |
| Textile | ITOCHU Textile Prominent (*3) (Hong Kong, China) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | Production control and wholesale of textile and apparel | | | | |
| | (ASIA) Ltd. ITOCHU TEXTILE (CHINA) CO., LTD. (*4) (China) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.5 | Production control and wholesale of textile materials, fabrics and apparel | | | | |
| | ITOCHU CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY CO., LTD. | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | Sale and rental of construction machinery | | | | |
| Machinery | ITOCHU Automobile America Inc. (U.S.A.) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | (0.3) | * | | | | |
| | Century Tokyo Leasing Corporation (*5) | 20.0% | Equity | (*2) | (*2) | 1.2 | 4.5 | Lease, installment sale, business lease and other | | | | |
| | ITOCHU Techno-Solutions Corporation | 54.0% | Consolidation | (*2) | (*2) | 1.5 | 3.1 | Sale and maintenance of computer network systems, customized development | | | | |
| | Excite Japan Co., Ltd. | 58.5% | Consolidation | (*2) | (*2) | (0.2) | | of software, data center service, and support Providing services of Internet information | | | | |
| | ITC NETWORKS CORPORATION | 60.6% | Consolidation | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 1.3 | Sale of mobile phone units, mobile phones-related solution business | | | | |
| ICT, | NANO Media Inc. | 51.3% | Consolidation | (*2) | (*2) | 0.0 | (0.1) | Content publishing, mobile site operation and application development | | | | |
| Aerospace & Electronics | SPACE SHOWER NETWORKS INC. | 50.8% | Consolidation | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | Music channel on cable/satellite television | | | | |
| & Electronics | ITOCHU MACHINE-TECHNOS CORPORATION (*6) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.1 | 0.0 | (0.2) | 0.1 | Import/Export and domestic sale of industrial machinery and NC machine tools | | | | |
| | JAMCO Corporation | 33.2% | Equity | (*2) | (*2) | 0.0 | (0.2) | Maintenance of aircraft and manufacture of aircraft interior | | | | |
| | SUNCALL CORPORATION | 26.9% | Equity | (*2) | (*2) | 0.2 | 0.3 | Manufacturing and sale of optical communication devices, electronic devices | | | | |
| | ITOCHU Metals Corporation | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | and assembly Import/Export and wholesale of non-ferrous/light metals and recycle business mainly in metal products | | | | |
| | ITOCHU PETROLEUM CO., (Singapore) (Singapore) | 100.0% | Consolidation | (0.6) | (1.2) | 1.1 | 1.3 | Trade of crude oil and petroleum products | | | | |
| Engery | (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. ITOCHU ENEX CO., LTD. | 53.6% | Consolidation | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | Wholesale of petroleum products and high-pressure gas | | | | |
| Energy, Metals | ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of (*7) (Australia) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 17.9 | 64.8 | 9.0 | 23.4 | Investment in projects of iron ore, coal and bauxite mining, manufacture of | | | | |
| & Minerals | Australia Pty Ltd | | | | | | | alumina and oil exploration | | | | |
| | ITOCHU Oil Exploration (Azerbaijan) Inc. (Cayman Islands) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 1.1 | 6.5 | 3.0 | 4.5 | Exploration and production of crude oil and gas | | | | |
| | Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. | 50.0% | Equity | 2.5 | 5.7 | 3.1 | 2.2 | Import/Export and wholesale of steel products | | | | |
| | Brazil Japan Iron Ore Corporation | 47.7% | Equity | 4.0 | 7.8 | 1.3 | 2.3 | Investment in projects of iron ore in Brazil | | | | |
| | ITOCHU Kenzai Corp. | 90.8% | Consolidation | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | Wholesale of wood products and building materials | | | | |
| Chemicals, | ITOCHU Pulp & Paper Corp. ITOCHU CHEMICAL FRONTIER Corporation | 100.0% | Consolidation Consolidation | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | Wholesale of paper, paperboards and various paper materials Wholesale of fine chemicals and related raw materials | | | | |
| Forest Products | ITOCHU PLASTICS INC. | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.6 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 1.3 | | | | | |
| & General | C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. (*8) | 97.6% | Consolidation | 0.5 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 2.0 | Wholesale of plastics and related products Manufacture and sale of plastic products | | | | |
| Merchandise | DAIKEN CORPORATION | 25.5% | Equity | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | Manufacture and sale of building materials | | | | |
| | TAKIRON Co., Ltd. | 27.5% | Equity | (*2) | (*2) | 0.3 | 0.3 | Manufacture, processing and sale of plastic products | | | | |
| | ITOCHU SHOKUHIN Co., Ltd. | 51.4% | Consolidation | (*2) | (*2) | 0.7 | 1.5 | Wholesale of foods and liquor | | | | |
| | NIPPON ACCESS, INC. | 93.6% | Consolidation | 0.8 | 4.3 | 0.5 | 3.0 | Wholesale and distribution of foods | | | | |
| | Japan Foods Co., Ltd. | 34.8% | Equity | (0.1) | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | Production on consignment and sale of soft drinks | | | | |
| Food | Fuji Oil Co., Ltd. | 25.6% | Equity | (*2) | (*2) | 1.1 | 2.3 | Integrated manufacturer of cooking oil and soybean protein | | | | |
| | FamilyMart Co., Ltd. | 31.6% | Equity | 0.1 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 4.4 | Operation of a convenience store chain | | | | |
| | Prima Meat Packers, Ltd. | 39.5% | Equity | (*2) | (*2) | 0.8 | 1.8 | Production and sale of meat, ham, sausage and processed foods | | | | |
| | ITOCHU Finance Corporation | 99.1% | Consolidation | 0.2 | 0.5 | (0.1) | | Loan and other finance-related business | | | | |
| Finance, | FX PRIME Corporation | 56.4% | Consolidation | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | Foreign exchange margin trade | | | | |
| Realty, Insurance | ITOCHU LOGISTICS CORP. (*9) | 99.0% | Consolidation | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.9 | Comprehensive logistics services | | | | |
| & Logistics | ITOCHU Property Development, Ltd. | 99.8% | Consolidation | 0.3 | (1.8) | (0.9) | (2.0) | Development and sale of housing | | | | |
| Services | Orient Corporation (*10) | 23.8% | Equity | (4.2) | (3.7) | 0.4 | 1.1 | Consumer credit | | | | |
| | eGuarantee, Inc. | 31.7% | Equity | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | B to B credit guarantee service | | | | |
| Other | Century Medical, Inc. | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | Import and wholesale of medical equipment and materials | | | | |
| | · · | | | l | | | l | | | | | |
| | ITOCHU International Inc. (*11) (U.S.A.) | 100.0% | Consolidation | (4.7) | (3.0) | (0.8) | | U.S. trading subsidiary | | | | |
| Overseas trading | ITOCHU Europe PLC (U.K.) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.2 | (0.1) | Europe trading subsidiary Hong Kong trading subsidiary | | | | |
| subsidiaries | ITOCHU Hong Kong Ltd. (*3) (Hong Kong, China) ITOCHU (China) Holding Co., Ltd. (*4) (China) | 100.0% | Consolidation Consolidation | 0.6 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 1.3 | Hong Kong trading subsidiary China trading subsidiary | | | | |
| | ITOCHU (China) Holding Co., Ltd. (*4) (China) ITOCHU Australia Ltd. (*7) (Australia) | 100.0% | Consolidation | 1.1 0.7 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 1.2 | China trading subsidiary Australia trading subsidiary | | | | |
| | (*1) Net income attributable to ITOCHI is the figure after a | | | | | | | | | | | |

- (*1) Net income attributable to ITOCHU is the figure after adjusting to U.S. GAAP, which may be different from the figures each company announces.
- (*2) Refer to the results announced by each corresponding company, as their announcement dates are on and after ITOCHU's announcement date of the third quarter of Fiscal Year 2011.
- (*3) The above figure of ITOCHU Hong Kong Ltd. includes 40.0% of net income from ITOCHU Textile Prominent (ASIA) Ltd.
- (*4) The above figure of ITOCHU (China) Holding Co., Ltd. includes 40.0% of net income from ITOCHU TEXTILE (CHINA) CO., LTD.
- (*5) Net income attributable to ITOCHU of Century Tokyo Leasing Corporation for the same period of the previous fiscal year includes the profit related to a merger of Century Tokyo Leasing Corporation.

 (1.1 billion yen after tax effect)
- (*6) As of April 1, 2010, ITOCHU Sanki Corporation and ITOCHU MECHATRONICS CORPORATION merged and changed its business name as ITOCHU MACHINE-TECHNOS CORPORATION. Net income attributable to ITOCHU of ITOCHU MACHINE-TECHNOS for the same period of the previous fiscal year shows the total of both ITOCHU Sanki Corporation and ITOCHU MECHATRONICS CORPORATION.
- (*7) The above figure of ITOCHU Australia Ltd. includes 3.7% of net income from ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd.
- (*8) Net income attributable to ITOCHU of C.I. Kasei Co., Ltd. for the same period of the previous fiscal year includes the profit resulting from the net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition. (1.5 billion yen after tax effect)
- (*9) Net income attributable to ITOCHU of ITOCHU LOGISTICS CORP.for the same period of the previous fiscal year includes the profit resulting from the net gain on bargain purchase in acquisition (1.8 billion yen after tax effect)
- (*10) The above figure of Orient Corporation includes the related tax effect. Net income attributable to ITOCHU of this company for the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and the three months ended December 31, 2010 includes impairment losses on its common stocks (6.6 billion yen after tax effect) and gain on changes in equity interests resulting from conversion of its preferred stocks into common stocks (2.3 billion yen after tax effect). Besides, impairment losses on the preferred stocks held by ITOCHU (9.6 billion yen after tax effect) was recognized as Loss on investments-net and excludes above figure of this company.
- (*11) The above figure of ITOCHU International Inc. includes 80.0% of net income from PrimeSource Building Products, Inc.

Performance of Group Companies (Net income attributable to ITOCHU)

For the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

To the lime monais cided become 31, 2010 and 2007

| | | | | | ome attribu | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----|--------|------|-----------------|----------|---|
| Name | | | Shares | 2010 | 2009 AprDec. | Increase | Main reasons for changes |
| Oomestic subsidiaries] | | | | | | • | |
| NIPPON ACCESS, INC. | | Fod | 93.6% | 4.3 | 3.0 | 1.4 | Due to increase of ITOCHU's shares and increase in sales |
| China Foods Investment Corp. | (*13) | Fod | 74.1% | 4.0 | 2.2 | 1.8 | Due to steady growth mainly in instant noodle and beverage sectors in addition to gain on chan in equity interests |
| TOCHU PLASTICS INC. | | Che | 100.0% | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.3 | Due to sales increase in electronic materials and engineering plastics for OA equipment |
| TOCHU CHEMICAL FRONTIER Corporation | | Che | 99.8% | 1.6 | 1.5 | 0.1 | Due to increase in pharmaceutical-related transactions |
| C.I.Kasei Co., Ltd. | (*8) | Che | 97.6% | 1.4 | 2.0 | (0.7) | Due to the absence of profit from the net gain on bargain purchase (Net income after tax effect attributable to ITOCHU was 1.5 billion yen) in the same period of the previous fiscal year, offs by sales increase in agricultural and packaging material-related sectors |
| SANKEI CO., LTD. | | Tex | 90.5% | 1.3 | 0.2 | 1.1 | Due to gain on disposal of fixed assets in this period as well as transaction increase in garment products and cost reduction |
| TOCHU ENEX CO., LTD. | | Ene | 53.6% | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.3 | Due to cost reduction despite the absence of gain on transfer of business in the same period of t previous fiscal year |
| TOCHU Metals Corporation | | Ene | 100.0% | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.5 | Due to demand recovery of aluminum products for automobiles and home electronics, and increase in transactions for electrical / electronic parts and recycle-related business |
| TC NETWORKS CORPORATION | | Ict | 60.6% | 0.9 | 1.3 | (0.4) | Due to the effect of revised commission for mobile communication carriers despite good performance in sales of smartphones |
| MECS CO., Ltd. | | Mac | 100.0% | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.3 | Due to transaction increase in chartered ships accompanying increase in own ships |
| LELIAN CO., LTD. | | Tex | 61.1% | 0.8 | - | 0.8 | Consolidated from the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year |
| Overseas subsidiaries] | | | | | | | |
| TOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd | (*7) (Australia) | Ene | 100.0% | 64.8 | 23.4 | 41.4 | Due to higher prices for mineral resources as well as increase in transaction volume |
| TOCHU Oil Exploration (Azerbaijan) Inc. | (Cayman Islands) | Ene | 100.0% | 6.5 | 4.5 | 2.0 | Due to higher oil prices despite decreased sales volume slightly |
| PrimeSource Building Products, Inc. | (*11) (U.S.A.) | Che | 100.0% | 3.2 | 2.9 | 0.3 | Profit increased due to increase of housing starts of the first half of fiscal year accompanying effects of preferential tax breaks for buyers of residential houses exceeded decrease of housing starts due to the termination of the tax breaks |
| TOCHU Australia Ltd. | (*7) (Australia) | Ove | 100.0% | 2.7 | 1.0 | 1.7 | Profit increase from ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd. (see above) |
| TOCHU (China) Holding Co., Ltd. | (*4) (China) | Ove | 100.0% | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | Due to increase in transactions for synthetic resins, engineering plastics, and copper products |
| TOCHU Hong Kong Ltd. | (*3) (Hong Kong, China) | Ove | 100.0% | 2.0 | 1.3 | 0.6 | Due to increase in profit from finance-related business |
| TOCHU Singapore Pte., Ltd. | (Singapore) | Ove | 100.0% | 1.2 | 1.3 | (0.1) | Due to decrease in profit from plastic-related business |
| TC Nuclear Fuel Service (Cayman) Ltd. | (Cayman Islands) | Ene | 100.0% | 1.2 | 0.1 | 1.0 | Due to good performance in operations |
| TOCHU Oil Exploration (BTC) Inc. | (Cayman Islands) | Ene | 51.4% | 1.0 | 1.0 | (0.0) | Almost the same throughput as in the same period of the previous fiscal year, with smooth operations |
| TOCHU (Thailand) Ltd. | (Thailand) | Ove | 100.0% | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.3 | Due to increase in transaction volume in metal products for automobiles and engineering plasti |
| Domestic equity-method associated companies] | | | | | | | |
| Brazil Japan Iron Ore Corporation | | Ene | 47.7% | 7.8 | 2.3 | 5.5 | Due to increase in sales volume as well as higher prices |
| Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. | | Ene | 50.0% | 5.7 | 2.2 | 3.5 | Due to demand recovery of domestic and Asian transactions |
| FamilyMart Co., Ltd. | | Fod | 31.6% | 3.7 | 4.4 | (0.8) | Due to cost related to asset retirement obligation despite steady increase in trading profit |
| Japan Brazil Paper and Pulp Resources Developmer | nt Co., Ltd. | Che | 25.9% | 2.7 | (2.0) | 4.7 | Due to higher pulp price |

Major Group Companies Reporting Losses

(Unit: billion yen)

| Major Group Companies Reporting Losses | | | | | | | (Unit: billion yen) | | | |
|---|----------------|-----|--------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name | | | Shares | | come attribu TOCHU (*1 | | | | | |
| | | | | 2010 AprDec. | 2009 AprDec. | Increase (Decrease) | Main reasons for changes | | | |
| [Domestic subsidiaries] | | | | ı | | (====================================== | | | | |
| ITOCHU Property Development, Ltd. | | Fin | 99.8% | (1.8) | (2.0) | 0.3 | Due to sales increase in condominiums in proportion to construction completions, despite impairment loss on sales of condominiums in part | | | |
| [Overseas subsidiaries] | | | | | | | | | | |
| ITOCHU International Inc. | (*11) (U.S.A.) | Ove | 100.0% | (3.0) | (0.3) | | Due to losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on equipment-material-related businesses in North America, despite recovery of construction machinery-related business and good performance in housing material business | | | |
| ITOCHU PETROLEUM CO., (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. | (Singapore) | Ene | 100.0% | (1.2) | 1.3 | (2.5) | Due to low operation performance for gasoil | | | |
| CIECO Energy (US) Limited | (U.S.A.) | Ene | 100.0% | (0.6) | (0.8) | 0.3 | Due to higher oil and gas prices | | | |
| [Domestic equity-method associated companies] | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orient Corporation | (*10) | Fin | 23.8% | (3.7) | 1.1 | (4.8) | Due to impairment loss on its common stocks resulting from the revaluation of its fair value | | | |

^(*12) Tex: Textile, Mac: Machinery, Ict: ICT, Aerospace & Electronics, Ene: Energy, Metals & Minerals, Che: Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise, Fod: Food, Fin: Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services Ove: Overseas trading subsidiaries

^(*13) In this third quarter, Itochu has established China Foods Investment Corp. jointly with Asahi Breweries, Ltd. for the purpose of business management of TING HSIN (CAYMAN ISLANDS) HOLDING CORP. (hereinafter "Ting Hsin"), which ITOCHU and Asahi Breweries, Ltd. own, and its group companies. From now on, as net income of Ting Hsin attributable to ITOCHU will be included in China Foods Investment Corp., actual net income of Ting Hsin to present is included in this nine months figure and that of the same period of the previous year of China Foods Investment Corp. Besides, in this third quarter, gain on changes in equity interests due to not to underwrite a third-party allocation of new shares from Ting Hsin was recognized (1.9 billion yen after tax effect)

Note: Please refer to the bottom of page 25 for detail of (*1)-(*11)

Performance of Group Companies (Net income attributable to ITOCHU)

For the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

Name

Major Group Companies Reporting Profits

For the three months ended become 31, 2010 and 2007

| Name | | Shares | 2010 | 2009 | Increase | Main reasons for changes | | | |
|--|-------|--------|---------|------------------|------------|---|--|--|--|
| | (*13) | | OctDec. | OctDec. | (Decrease) | | | | |
| [Domestic subsidiaries] | | | | | | | | | |
| NIPPON ACCESS, INC. | Fod | 93.6% | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.4 | Due to increase of ITOCHU's shares and increase in sales | | | |
| China Foods Investment Corp. (*13 | Fod | 74.1% | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1.6 | Due to steady growth mainly in instant noodle and beverage sectors in addition to gain on changes in equity interests | | | |
| ITOCHU PLASTICS INC. | Che | 100.0% | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | Due to sales increase in electronic materials and engineering plastics for OA equipment | | | |
| ITOCHU CHEMICAL FRONTIER Corporation | Che | 99.8% | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 | Due to increase in pharmaceutical-related transactions | | | |
| C.I.Kasei Co., Ltd. | Che | 97.6% | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 | Due to sales increase in agricultural and packaging material-related sectors | | | |
| SANKEI CO., LTD. | Tex | 90.5% | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | Due to transaction increase in garment products | | | |
| ITOCHU ENEX CO., LTD. | Ene | 53.6% | 0.4 | 0.6 | (0.2) | Due to decreased profit from LPG-related business due to raise sales prices fell behind a rise in purchase prices | | | |
| ITOCHU Metals Corporation | Ene | 100.0% | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | Due to demand recovery of aluminum products for automobiles and home electronics, and increase in transactions for electrical / electronic parts and recycle-related business | | | |
| ITC NETWORKS CORPORATION | Ict | 60.6% | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.1 | Due to cost reduction as well as good performance in sales of smartphones despite the effect of revised commission for mobile communication carriers | | | |
| IMECS CO., Ltd. | Mac | 100.0% | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | Due to transaction increase in chartered ships accompanying increase in own ships | | | |
| LELIAN CO., LTD. | Tex | 61.1% | 0.5 | - | 0.5 | Consolidated from the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year | | | |
| [Overseas subsidiaries] | | | | | | | | | |
| ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd (*7) (Australia) | Ene | 100.0% | 17.9 | 9.0 | 8.9 | Due to higher prices for mineral resources despite impairment loss on oil and gas assets | | | |
| ITOCHU Oil Exploration (Azerbaijan) Inc. (Cayman Islands) | Ene | 100.0% | 1.1 | 3.0 | (1.9) | Due to decreased sales volume compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year | | | |
| PrimeSource Building Products, Inc. (*11) (U.S.A.) | Che | 100.0% | 1.1 | 1.4 | (0.3) | Due to decreased housing constructions resulting from the end of preferential tax breaks | | | |
| ITOCHU Australia Ltd. (*7) (Australia) | Ove | 100.0% | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | Profit increase from ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd. (see above) | | | |
| ITOCHU (China) Holding Co., Ltd. (*4) (China) | Ove | 100.0% | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 | Due to increase in transactions for synthetic resins, engineering plastics, and copper products | | | |
| ITOCHU Hong Kong Ltd. (*3) (Hong Kong, China) | Ove | 100.0% | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 | Due to increase in profit from finance-related business | | | |
| ITOCHU Singapore Pte., Ltd. (Singapore) | Ove | 100.0% | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | Due to increase in profit from finance-related and real-estate-related business | | | |
| ITC Nuclear Fuel Service (Cayman) Ltd. (Cayman Islands) | Ene | 100.0% | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.0 | Almost the same level due to good performance in operations | | | |
| ITOCHU Oil Exploration (BTC) Inc. (Cayman Islands) | Ene | 51.4% | 0.2 | 0.3 | (0.1) | Almost the same throughput as in the same period of the previous fiscal year, with smooth operations | | | |
| ITOCHU (Thailand) Ltd. (Thailand) | Ove | 100.0% | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | Due to steady growth in transaction volume in engineering plastics | | | |
| [Domestic equity-method associated companies] | | | | | | | | | |
| Brazil Japan Iron Ore Corporation | Ene | 47.7% | 4.0 | 1.3 | 2.7 | Due to higher sales prices | | | |
| Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. | Ene | 50.0% | 2.5 | 3.1 | (0.6) | Demand tends to be in recovery despite decreased profit compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year | | | |
| FamilyMart Co., Ltd. | Fod | 31.6% | 0.1 | 1.3 | (1.2) | Due to cost related to asset retirement obligation despite steady increase in trading profit | | | |
| Japan Brazil Paper and Pulp Resources Development Co., Ltd. | Che | 25.9% | 0.8 | (0.6) | 1.4 | Due to higher pulp price | | | |
| Major Group Companies Reporting Losses | | | | | | (Unit: billion yer | | | |
| | | | | come attribu | | | | | |
| Name | | Shares | 2010 | 2009 Oct. Doc | Increase | Main reasons for changes | | | |
| [Domestic subsidiaries] | (*12) | | OctDec. | OctDec. | (Decrease) | | | | |
| ITOCHU Property Development, Ltd. | Fin | 99.8% | 0.3 | (0.9) | 1.2 | Due to sales increase in condominiums in proportion to construction completions | | | |
| [Overseas subsidiaries] | 1 | | l | I | l | 1 | | | |
| T | 1 | | | | | Due to losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on | | | |

Net income attributable to ITOCHU (*1)

(Unit: billion yen)

Main reasons for changes

Due to losses on disposal of three regional enterprises and business reconstruction costs on

(3.9) equipment-material-related businesses in North America, despite recovery of construction machinery-related business

(4.5) Due to impairment loss on its common stocks resulting from the revaluation of its fair value

(1.7) Due to low operation performance for gasoil

Note: Please refer to the bottom of page 25 for detail of (*1)-(*11) and the bottom of page 26 for detail of (*12)-(*13)

(*11) (U.S.A.)

(Singapore

(*10)

ITOCHU International Inc.

CIECO Energy (US) Limited

Orient Corporation

ITOCHU PETROLEUM CO., (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.

[Domestic equity-method associated companies]

(0.8)

1.1

(0.2)

0.4

(4.7)

(0.6)

(4.2)

100.0%

100.0%

100.0%

23.8%

Ove

Ene

Fin

6. Quarterly Information on Consolidated Operating Results

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Unit: billion yen)

| | Fis | cal Year 20 | 10 ended Ma | arch 31, 201 | Fiscal Year 2011 ended March 31, 2011 | | | | | |
|--|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----|---------|
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Total | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Total |
| Revenue | 767.2 | 883.8 | 862.9 | 902.7 | 3,416.6 | 827.6 | 890.1 | 918.9 | | 2,636.6 |
| Gross trading profit | 206.3 | 233.7 | 236.1 | 248.3 | 924.4 | 239.5 | 265.9 | 258.9 | | 764.2 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | (189.4) | (192.6) | (196.1) | (191.8) | (769.9) | (191.8) | (196.6) | (192.7) | | (581.2) |
| Provision for doubtful receivables | (3.9) | (0.5) | (0.6) | (2.1) | (7.0) | (0.5) | (0.6) | (3.0) | | (4.0) |
| Interest income | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 9.9 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | | 7.7 |
| Interest expense | (9.0) | (9.4) | (8.2) | (8.7) | (35.2) | (8.1) | (6.1) | (6.8) | | (21.0) |
| Dividends received | 5.9 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 14.5 | 28.9 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 5.5 | | 17.6 |
| Gain (loss) on investments-net | 2.8 | 2.4 | (0.7) | (8.9) | (4.5) | (5.7) | (4.7) | (17.5) | | (27.9) |
| Gain (loss) on property and equipment-net | 2.3 | (0.4) | (1.1) | (9.4) | (8.5) | 0.1 | 6.3 | (8.0) | | (1.5) |
| Gain on bargain purchase in acquisition | 9.1 | - | - | 4.9 | 14.0 | - | - | - | | - |
| Other-net | 1.6 | 0.9 | (2.5) | 2.9 | 3.0 | (2.5) | (0.9) | (2.8) | | (6.2) |
| Income before income taxes and equity in earnings (losses) of associated companies | 28.4 | 41.3 | 33.4 | 52.0 | 155.0 | 40.6 | 70.9 | 36.1 | | 147.6 |
| Income taxes | (15.9) | (15.3) | (18.0) | (2.4) | (51.6) | (14.7) | (26.4) | (4.3) | | (45.4) |
| Income before equity in earnings (losses) of associated companies | 12.5 | 26.0 | 15.4 | 49.6 | 103.4 | 25.9 | 44.4 | 31.8 | | 102.2 |
| Equity in earnings (losses) of associated companies | 9.4 | 11.4 | 13.4 | 2.1 | 36.3 | 16.1 | 21.5 | 14.0 | | 51.6 |
| Net income | 21.9 | 37.3 | 28.8 | 51.7 | 139.7 | 42.0 | 66.0 | 45.8 | | 153.8 |
| Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest | (1.4) | (2.4) | (3.5) | (4.2) | (11.5) | (1.8) | (3.2) | (3.4) | | (8.5) |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 20.4 | 34.9 | 25.3 | 47.5 | 128.2 | 40.2 | 62.7 | 42.4 | | 145.3 |
| [Adjusted Profit] | [25.8] | [50.2] | [51.6] | [66.7] | [194.3] | [65.3] | [92.3] | [81.4] | | [238.9] |

Segment Information (Unit: billion yen)

| | Fi | scal Year 20 | 10 ended M | arch 31, 201 | Fiscal Year 2011 ended March 31, 2011 | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|----|--------|
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Total | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Total |
| Textile | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 20.4 | 25.2 | 30.8 | 26.3 | 102.7 | 29.4 | 31.4 | 34.0 | | 94.8 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 0.8 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 9.2 | 22.4 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 5.7 | | 12.8 |
| Machinery | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 11.5 | 12.5 | 7.5 | 11.8 | 43.3 | 11.3 | 13.9 | 12.3 | | 37.5 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | (0.4) | 4.4 | (2.3) | 1.9 | 3.7 | 0.3 | 6.2 | 2.1 | | 8.6 |
| ICT, Aerospace & Electronics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 28.7 | 33.0 | 33.2 | 41.5 | 136.4 | 27.9 | 33.0 | 32.0 | | 92.9 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | (0.6) | 1.8 | (0.8) | 5.6 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.0 | | 6.6 |
| Energy, Metals & Minerals | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 25.1 | 32.4 | 37.8 | 46.2 | 141.6 | 49.8 | 50.6 | 48.8 | | 149.3 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 5.6 | 20.5 | 16.3 | 23.2 | 65.7 | 26.2 | 36.7 | 24.1 | | 87.0 |
| Metals & Minerals | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 9.9 | 11.9 | 14.5 | 18.7 | 55.0 | 34.4 | 26.5 | 30.6 | | 91.5 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 5.9 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 15.4 | 42.9 | 26.7 | 28.7 | 26.8 | | 82.3 |
| Energy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 15.2 | 20.5 | 23.4 | 27.5 | 86.6 | 15.4 | 24.2 | 18.3 | | 57.8 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | (0.3) | 9.7 | 5.5 | 7.9 | 22.8 | (0.5) | 8.0 | (2.7) | | 4.8 |
| Chemicals, Forest Products & General Merchandise | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 23.6 | 28.3 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 110.1 | 27.5 | 31.3 | 29.5 | | 88.3 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 2.2 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 6.6 | 19.3 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 7.1 | | 21.0 |
| Forest Products & General Merchandise | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 9.9 | 12.4 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 50.3 | 12.6 | 14.7 | 13.2 | | 40.5 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | (0.6) | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 2.9 | | 9.6 |
| Chemicals | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 13.7 | 15.9 | 15.3 | 14.9 | 59.8 | 14.9 | 16.6 | 16.4 | | 47.9 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 2.8 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 14.6 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 4.2 | | 11.4 |
| Food | 00.5 | 00.0 | 0.5.2 | 5 0.0 | 225.5 | 01.0 | 00.4 | 05.0 | | 2500 |
| Gross trading profit | 82.5 | 88.8 | 86.2 | 78.0 | 335.5 | 81.9 | 90.4 | 85.8 | | 258.0 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 13.0 | 5.5 | 7.4 | 1.9 | 27.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 12.0 | | 27.3 |
| Finance, Realty, Insurance & Logistics Services | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 10.0 | 25.6 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | | 25.7 |
| Gross trading profit | 7.9 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 10.8 | 35.6 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 9.1 | | 25.7 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 2.0 | 0.3 | (0.7) | (5.9) | (4.2) | (1.5) | 1.7 | (11.7) | | (11.5) |
| Finance, Insurance & Logistics Services | | 4.0 | | | 10.1 | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 19.4 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 4.4 | | 14.6 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | 2.5 | 0.9 | (0.4) | (8.8) | (5.8) | 0.0 | 1.0 | (13.0) | | (12.0) |
| Realty | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 3.1 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 5.8 | 16.2 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 4.7 | | 11.1 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.3) | 2.9 | 1.6 | (1.5) | 0.7 | 1.2 | | 0.4 |
| Other, Adjustments & Eliminations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross trading profit | 6.7 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 19.2 | 3.6 | 6.8 | 7.4 | | 17.8 |
| Net income attributable to ITOCHU | (2.2) | (9.9) | (5.3) | 4.9 | (12.4) | (2.5) | (5.1) | 1.1 | | (6.5) |