(Unit: billion yen, (losses, decrease))

'Net income attributable to ITOCHU" increased by ¥30.0 bil. to ¥310.3 bil. compared with the previous FY, which is the highest earnings ever.

"Gross trading profit" increased by ¥112.4 bil. compared with the previous fiscal year to ¥1,028.3 bil., an increase in all segments, and achieved the ¥1 tril. mark for the first time in 5 years.

For "Net income attributable to ITOCHU" by segment, "ICT, General Products & Realty", "Food", "Machinery", and "Textile" all achieved a record high in earnings of ¥76.3 bil., ¥57.5 bil., ¥43.4 bil., and ¥32.5 bil., respectively.

Although earnings from "Metals & Minerals" and "Energy & Chemicals" decreased due to unordinary factors, "Metals & Minerals" and "Energy & Chemicals" secured earnings of ¥74.1 bil. and ¥16.7 bil., respectively. (Refer to Exhibit A-2)

The share of the Non-Resource Sector was 82% (earnings of \(\frac{\text{246.8}}{246.8}\) bil.) and the Natural Resource/Energy-Related Sector was 18% (earnings of \(\frac{\text{53.6}}{53.6}\) bil.). Furthermore, the Non-Resource Sector increased by \(\frac{\text{55.6}}{56.6}\) bil.

compared with the previous FY, which surpassed a \(\frac{4}{2}\)1.8 bil. decrease of the Natural Resource/Energy-Related Sector which resulted from unordinary factors, and contributed considerably to the highest earnings.

"Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity" increased by ¥381.5 bil. from the previous FY end to ¥2,147.0 bil. and achieved the ¥2 tril. mark, due to an increase in "Net income attributable to ITOCHU" and an improvement in

"Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" due to yen depreciation.

Financial topics for FY 2014

"Ratio of ITOCHU stockholders' equity to total assets" rose by 2.6 points from the previous FY end to 27.4%. NET DER improved to 1.04 times. (Refer to Exhibit A-2)

	FY 2014	FY 2013	Increase (Decrease)
Natural Resource /Energy-Related	53.6	75.5	(21.8)
Non-Resource	246.8	191.3	55.6
Others	9.8	13.6	(3.8)
Non- Resource & Others	256.6	204.8	51.8
Natural Resource /Non-Resource	18%/82%	28%/72%	-10%/10%

Petroleum products transaction of Energy was reclassed from "Natural Resource/Energy-Related"into "Non-Resource" since FY 2014.

Outlook for FY 2015 (IFRS)

Consolidated Financial Results of Operations	FY 2014	FY 2013	Increase (Decrease)
Consolidated Statements of Income			
Revenue	5,530.9	4,579.8	951.1
Gross trading profit	1,028.3	915.9	112.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(743.1)	(671.3)	(71.8)
Provision for doubtful receivables	(6.1)	(0.3)	(5.7)
Net interest expenses	(13.3)	(14.1)	0.8
Dividends received	37.1	34.6	2.5
Net financial income	23.8	20.6	3.2
Gain on investments-net	59.5	45.9	13.6
Loss on property and equipment-net	(1.6)	(9.3)	7.7
Other-net	13.0	9.7	3.3
Total other-expenses	(654.5)	(604.8)	(49.7)
Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies	373.8	311.1	62.7
Income taxes	(130.4)	(94.3)	(36.1)
Income before equity in earnings of associated companies	243.4	216.8	26.6
Equity in earnings of associated companies	85.3	85.9	(0.6)
Net income	328.7	302.7	26.0
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(18.4)	(22.4)	4.0
Net income attributable to ITOCHU	310.3	280.3	30.0
(Reference)			
Total trading transactions	14,566.8	12,551.6	2,015.3
Gross trading profit ratio	7.1%	7.3%	(0.2%)
Adjusted profit	394.2	351.0	43.2

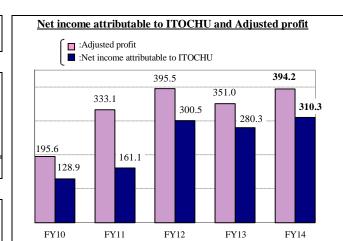
				reflecting acquisition of the
Gross trading profit	1,028.3	915.9	112.4	expanded business by mo
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(743.1)	(671.3)	(71.8)	effect of yen depreciation • Gross trading profit:
Provision for doubtful receivables	(6.1)	(0.3)	(5.7)	Textile +2.2
Net interest expenses	(13.3)	(14.1)	0.8	Machinery ±11.
Dividends received	37.1	34.6	2.5	Metals & Minerals +12. Energy & Chemicals +11.4
Net financial income	23.8	20.6	3.2	
Gain on investments-net	59.5	45.9	13.6	ICT, General Products +45.5
Loss on property and equipment-net	(1.6)	(9.3)	7.7	& Realty
Other-net	13.0	9.7	3.3	· <u>SG & A</u> : · Provision for doubtful receivables:
Total other-expenses	(654.5)	(604.8)	(49.7)	Net financial income:
Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of associated companies	373.8	311.1	62.7	· Gain on investments-net:
Income taxes	(130.4)	(94.3)	(36.1)	
Income before equity in earnings of associated companies	243.4	216.8	26.6	· <u>Gain (loss) on property and</u> <u>equipment-net</u> :
Equity in earnings of associated companies	85.3	85.9	(0.6)	· Other-net:
Net income	328.7	302.7	26.0	• Equity in earnings of assoc. co.: Textile
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(18.4)	(22.4)	4.0	Machinery +5
Net income attributable to ITOCHU	310.3	280.3	30.0	Machinery ±5 Metals & Minerals -7
(Reference)				Energy & Chemicals -4
Total trading transactions	14,566.8	12,551.6	2,015.3	E1
Gross trading profit ratio	7.1%	7.3%	(0.2%)	Food -1
				ICT. General Products & Realty +11

Adjusted profit = Gross trading profit + SG&A expenses + Net financial income

+ Equity in earnings of associated companies

328.7 133.0 12.7 0.5	302.7 157.7 10.5 35.7	26.0 (24.7) 2.1 (35.3)
12.7	10.5	2.1
12.7	10.5	2.1
0.5	35.7	(35.3)
	33.1	(33.3)
0.1	0.4	(0.3)
146.3	204.4	(58.1)
474.9	507.0	(32.1)
(28.7)	(31.2)	2.5
446.2	475.8	(29.6)
	146.3 474.9 (28.7)	146.3 204.4 474.9 507.0 (28.7) (31.2)

Components of Net income attributable to ITOCHU	FY 2014	FY 2013	Increase (Decrease)	Net income attributable to ITOCHU and Adjust	ed p
				:Net income attributable to ITOCHU	20.
Parent company	177.9	153.3	24.6	395.5	394
Group companies	227.1	205.4	21.6	333.1	
Overseas trading subsidiaries	34.9	23.9	11.1	280.3	
Consolidation adjustments	(129.6)	(102.3)	(27.3)	195.6	
Net income attributable to ITOCHU	310.3	280.3	30.0	128.9	
Earnings from overseas businesses	129.1	99.9	29.2		
Share of earnings from overseas businesses	42%	36%		FY10 FY11 FY12 FY13	. !



		128.	9								
)	195.6			161	.1			280	.3		

"Earnings from overseas businesses" is the total of Net income attributable to ITOCHU of overseas trading subsidiaries and overseas group companies, plus Net income attributable to ITOCHU of overseas	
branches of parent company and the companies established in Japan for specific overseas business whose sources of revenue are in overseas.	

Summary of changes from the previous fiscal year

Revenue: Increase attributable to higher revenue from the Energy & Chemicals Company, due to higher transaction volume of petroleum products and chemicals; higher revenue from the Food Company, reflecting acquisition of the Dole business; higher revenue from the ICT, General Products & Realty Company, due to the favorable performance by housing-material-related companies and expanded business by mobile-phone-related companies; higher revenue from the Machinery Company, due to higher transaction volume in automobile and plant-related transactions; and the

+12.6 (79.5 → 92.1): Increase due to higher sales volume of iron ore and effect of yen depreciation, despite falling coal prices

phone-related companies, contribution of real estate transactions, and effect of yen depreciation

Improvement due to lower debt cost, despite increase in interest-bearing debt, and increase in dividends

transaction volume for China, and introduction of new brands

+37.2 (202.7 → 239.9): Increase due to acquisition of Dole business and stable performance of existing companies

Losses on business disposals and others $+0.8 (-1.7 \rightarrow -0.9)$

Mainly due to an improvement in foreign currency translation

+5.6 (13.4 → 19.0): Increase due to an increase in equity in earnings of automobile-related and ship-related companies

method associated companies in Japan and overseas

ship transaction volume

effect of ven depreciation

impairment losses)

food companies

±2.2 (128.9 → 131.2): Increase due to the acquisition of European apparel manufacturing and wholesale companies in the previous fiscal year, rise in textile material

+11.3 (89.4 - 100.7): Increase due to higher automobile, construction machinery and plant-related transaction volume and effect of yen depreciation, despite decrease in

+11.4 (165.0 → 176.4): Increase due to higher transaction volume and improved profitability of energy trading transactions, higher transaction volume of chemicals, and

±45.5 (236.6 → 282.1): Increase due to favorable pulp transactions and favorable performance by housing-materials-related companies, expanded business by mobile-

Deterioration due to the absence of the gain on reversal of allowance for doubtful receivables in the previous fiscal year

<u>-0.9 (12.6 → 11.7)</u>: Decrease due to the absence of an unordinary gain recognized in the previous fiscal year, despite an increase from stable performances by equity-

-7.7 (42.1 - 34.3): Decrease due to decrease in equity in earnings of Colombian coal companies due to a decline in coal prices and decrease in sales volume, and an

-4.6 (-28.3 → -32.9): Deterioration due to the impact of prolonged scheduled maintenance of methanol companies and unordinary loss recognized by bioethanol companies

-1.4 (22.9 - 21.5): Decrease due to the absence of gain on sales of investments by a CVS company in the previous fiscal year, despite favorable performance by Chines

Increase due to the inclusion of new consolidated subsidiaries, including the acquisition of the Dole business, and the effect of yen depreciation

Net gain on sales of investments +7.2 (51.0 \rightarrow 58.2), Net of impairment losses and remeasuring gains on investments +5.6 (-3.4 \rightarrow 2.2),

Net gain (loss) on sales of property and equipment +9.3 ($-2.6 \rightarrow 6.8$), Impairment losses on property and equipment -1.3 ($-8.1 \rightarrow -9.4$),

unordinary tax expense in Brazilian iron ore companies, despite increase in equity in earnings of Australian mineral-resources-related companies

(U.S. oil and gas development companies staved almost the same level due to improvement in income from operations, despite an increase in

Gross trading profit	1,110.0
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(804.0)
Provision for doubtful receivables	(6.0)
Net interest expenses	(18.0)
Dividends received	28.0
Net financial income	10.0
Equity in earnings of associated companies	140.0
Other-net	(12.0)
Income before income taxes	438.0
Income taxes	(115.0)
Net Income	323.0
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(23.0)
Net income attributable to ITOCHU	300.0

Adjusted profit	456.0
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Dividend Information								
(Per Share)								
FY2014	Annual (Planned) 46.0yen	Interim (Paid) 21.0 yen						
FY2015	Annual (Planned) 46.0yen	Interim (Planned) 23.0 yen						



(Unit: billion yen, (losses, decrease))

	Net incor	ne attributable to	ITOCHU									
Operating Segment Information	FY 2014	FY 2013	Increase (Decrease)	[Net income attribut	able to	ITOCHU] Summa	ary of changes fro	m the previous fiscal year				
Textile	32.5	31.2	1.2	Increase due to higher dividends received and increase in gain (loss) on inves	tments-n	net, despite the absen	ce of unordinary ga	in on reversal of expenses in the	ne previous fiscal	year		
Machinery	43.4	32.1	11.3	Increase due to rise in gross trading profit, higher dividends received, and inc	rease in	gain (loss) on investi	ments-net and equit	v in earnings of associated con	nnanies			
Watermery	45.4	32.1	11.5									
Metals & Minerals	74.1	82.5	(8.4)	Decrease due to the absence of gain on sales of investments in the same perio Brazilian iron ore companies, despite increase in gross trading profit	od of the	previous fiscal year a	and decrease in equ	ity in earnings of associated co	empanies accompa	anying unordinary	tax expense in	
Energy & Chemicals	16.7	23.1	(6.4)	Decrease due to decrease in gain (loss) on investments-net and deterioration i	in equity	in earnings of associ	ated companies, de	spite increase in gross trading	profit			
Food	57.5	45.7	11.8	Overall increase due to acquisition of Dole business and increase in gain (loss	rall increase due to acquisition of Dole business and increase in gain (loss) on investments-net, despite decrease in equity in earnings of associated companies							
ICT, General Products & Realty	76.3	52.1	24.2	Increase due to rise in gross trading profit, and increase in gain (loss) on inve	rease due to rise in gross trading profit, and increase in gain (loss) on investments-net and equity in earnings of associated companies							
Others, Adjustments & Eliminations	9.8	13.6	(3.8)	Decrease due to the absence of improvement in tax expense from the realizati	ecrease due to the absence of improvement in tax expense from the realization of losses in tax basis in the previous fiscal year							
Total	310.3	280.3	30.0									
P/L of Group Companies Reporting Profits/Losses	FY 2014	FY 2013	Increase (Decrease)	Group Companies		FY 2014	FY 2013	Summary of	changes from the	previous fiscal ye	ar	
Reporting Fronts/Losses			(Decrease)	(Major Group Companies) (C): Consolidated subsidiary, (E): Equity-method as	ssociated of	company						
Group co. reporting profits	319.0	272.9	46.1	ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd	(C)	58.4	50.3	For iron ore, increase due to depreciation, as for coal, dec				
Group companies reporting profits	284.0	249.0	35.0			50.1	20.3	depreciation, as for coal, decrease due to falling price, despite improvement in cost and the effect of yen depreciation				
Overseas trading subsidiaries reporting profits	35.0	23.9	11.1	ITOCHU Oil Exploration (Azerbaijan) Inc.	15.7	13.1	Increase mainly due to the et	fect of ven denre	riation			
Group co. reporting losses	(57.0)	(43.6)	(13.4)	11 Octio on Exploration (Azerbaijan) life.	13.7	13.1	increase mainly due to the ci	rect of year depres	Sittion			
Group companies reporting losses	(56.9)	(43.6)	(13.4)	Morubani Itaahu Staal Ina						ies in Japan and t	he effect of yen	
Overseas trading subsidiaries reporting losses	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(a) Waldbelli-Rochu Steel Inc. (b) 13.0 depreciation								
Total	262.0	229.3	32.7	7 Increase due to gain on sales of property and equipment, despit						e decrease in		
Share of group co. reporting profits	84.7%	84.6%	0.2%	■ INIPPON ACCESS, INC.								
Number of group co. reporting profits (Note 1)	300	301	(1)	IDD 1: D I : I	(C)	(22.5)	(21.2)	Deterioration due to loss on sales of so				
Total number of group co. reporting (Note 1)	354	356	(2)		(C)	(32.5)	(31.2)	possessing shale oil development proje from operations which offset increased				
(Note 1)The number of companies directly invested by ITOCH	IU or its Overseas tradi	ng subsidiaries are sho	own above.									
Financial Position	Mar. 2014	Mar. 2013	Increase (Decrease)	Summary o	of chang	es from the previou	is fiscal year end				Outlook for March 31, 2015	
Total assets	7,848.4	7,117.4	731.0	· <u>Total assets</u> :							8,200.0	
Interest-bearing debt	2,885.3	2,762.5	122.8	Total assets as of March 31, 2014 increased by 10.3%, or 731.0 billion yen, compared with conversion of a mobile-phone-related equity-method associated company into a consolidate			•				3,100.0	
Net interest-bearing debt	2,224.3	2,185.6	38.7	· Total ITOCHU stock holders' equity:							2,500.0	
Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity	2,147.0	1,765.4	381.5	Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity rose by 21.6%, or 381.5billion yen, compared with M					ne attributable to ITO	CHU and an	2,300.0	
Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets (Note 2) Net debt-to-equity ratio (times) (Note 2)	27.4%	24.8%	2.6% Improved 0.20	improvement in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) due to yen depreciation, The Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets rose by 2.6 points to 27.4% from March					1, 2013, to 1.04 times		28.0%	
Total equity	2,522.8	2,112.6	410.2	Total equity, or the sum of Total ITOCHU stockholders' equity and Noncontrolling interes							2,700.0	
(Note 2)"Stockholders' equity" is equivalent to "TTOCHU stock											2,700.0	
Cash Flows	FY 2014	FY 2013		Summary of Cash Flows for FY 2014			Major Indic	ates	FY 2014	FY 2013	Variance	
Operating activities	418.4	245.7		et cash-inflow of 418.4 billion yen (4,065 million U.S. dollars), resulting from the s	stable	Foreign exchange)	99.84	82.20	17.64	
		***************************************		rformance in operating revenue in the overseas natural resources, energy, food, achinery, and ICT sectors as well as steady collections of trade receivables in the		h	Closing (Mar.) JPY TIBOR 3M, a	verage (AprMar.)	102.92 0.225%	94.05 0.317%	8.87 (0.092%)	
Investing activities	(266.7)	(200.0)		achinery, general merchandise, and food sectors.		Interest	US\$ LIBOR 3M, a		0.253%	0.374%	(0.121%)	
Financing activities	(71.7)	(11.2)		et cash-outflow of 266.7 billion yen (2,591 million U.S. dollars), due to the acquisit e Dole business and new investments and loans to Australian mineral-resource-	tion of	Crude oil (Brent) (U			107.59	110.28	(2.69)	
1 maneing activities	(71.7)	(11.3)		e Doe business and new investments and loans to Australian mineral-resource- evelopment-related business.		Iron ore, fine (US\$/			126	122	4	
Cash and cash equivalents	653.3	569.7	· <u>Financing</u> :	et cash-outflow of 71.7 billion yen (697 million U.S. dollars), due to repayment of	debt	Coking coal (US\$/to			153	192	(39)	
Increase (Decrease)	83.6	56.2		espite increase of debt accompanying new investments and loans.	acot,	Thermal coal (US\$/	, , , ,	s common transaction prices based on	95	115	(20)	

56.2