(Unit: billion yen, (losses, decrease))

## [Financial topics]

1. "Net profit attributable to ITOCHU" increased by ¥1.6 bil. to ¥152.2 bil. compared with the same period of the previous FY.

- Progressed 51% toward the outlook of ¥300.0 bil. for FY 2015 for "Net profit attributable to ITOCHU".
- For "Net profit attributable to ITOCHU" by segment, four segments, "ICT, General Products & Realty" (¥38.1 bil.), "Metals & Minerals" (¥28.1 bil.), "Machinery" (¥26.1 bil.), and "Food" (¥26.0 bil.) achieved earnings of over ¥20.0 bil., and two segments, "Energy & Chemicals" (¥13.3 bil.) and "Textile" (¥12.2 bil.) achieved earnings of over ¥10.0 bil.
- 2. The share of the Non-Resource Sector was 85% (earnings of ¥122.7 bil.) and the Natural Resource/Energy-Related Sector was 15% .(earnings of ¥21.2 bil.)
- •The Non-Resource Sector increased by ¥16.0 bil. compared with the same period of the previous FY, which led the increase of "Net profit attributable to ITOCHU".
- 3. "Total shareholders' equity" increased by ¥269.4 bil. to ¥2,315.1 bil. compared with March 31, 2014.
  - "Total shareholders' equity" increased by \(\xi269.4\) bil. to \(\xi2.315.1\) bil., due to the increase in "Net profit attributable to ITOCHU" and the third-party allotment, despite dividend payments.
  - "Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets" increased by 1.5 points to 27.8% from March 31, 2014. NET DER improved compared with March 31, 2014, to 1.0 times.

	1st Half FY 2015	1st Half FY 2014	Increase (Decrease)
Natural Resource /Energy-related	21.2	38.2	(17.0)
Non-Resource	122.7	106.7	16.0
Others	8.3	5.6	2.7
Non-Resource & Others	131.0	112.4	18.6
Natural Resource /Non-Resource	15%/85%	26%/74%	-11%/+11%

				Outlook for FY2015	Operating	Net profit attributable to ITOCHU					
Consolidated Financial Results of Operations	1st Half FY 2015	1st Half FY 2014	Increase (Decrease)	Summary of changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year	(Disclosed on Nov 5, 2014) Progress (%)	Segment Information	1st Half FY 2015	1st Half FY 2014	Increase (Decrease)	Summary of changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year	
Revenues	2,721.8	2,647.8	74.0	· Revenues						Decrease due to lower sales in domestic apparel-related businesses and unfavorable in European apparel	
Gross trading profit	513.9	497.6	16.4	Energy & Chemicals (+34.0): Mainly due to the acquisition of subsidiaries in energy-related companies Machinery (+23.9):	1,110.0 46.3%	Textile	12.2	14.2		manufacturing and wholesale-related companies, decrease in received dividends, and the absence of the gain on	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(390.7)	(371.5)	(19.2)	Due to the favorable performance in plant-related companies, and higher transaction volume in automobile-related transactions	(824.0) 47.4%			sal		ales of affiliates in the same period of the previous fiscal year	
Provision for doubtful accounts	(1.1)	(2.6)	1.5	ICT, General Products& Realty Company (+17.3):  Due to higher transaction volume in domestic ICT-related companies, and the depreciation of the yen	(6.0)						
Gains on property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	2.1	0.5	1.7	mainly against the Great Britain Pound Metals & Minerals (-34.0):	(*)	Machinery	26.1	20.5	5.6	Increase due to higher gross trading profit, increase in received dividends, despite the absence of the gain on sale of IPP-related business in North America in the same period of the previous fiscal year	
Other-net	7.6	6.1	1.5	Due to the decline in iron ore and coal prices, despite the increase in iron ore sales volume  • Gross trading profit	(*)					F	
Net interest expenses	(6.4)	(7.6)	1.2	ICT, General Products & Realty (+9.9):	(18.0) 35.4%	Metals				Decrease due to lower gross trading profit, deterioration in foreign currency translation in iron ore companies in	
Dividends received	9.5	8.8	0.7	Due to higher transaction volume in domestic ICT-related companies, and the depreciation of the yen mainly against the Great Britain Pound	28.0 33.8%	& Minerals	28.1	42.6	(14.5)	Brazil, and the reversal of deferred tax assets accompanying the amendment of the Australian tax system	
Net financial income	3.1	1.2	1.9	Machinery (+7.4):  Due to the favorable performance in plant-related companies, and higher transaction volume in	10.0 30.8%	winicidis					
Other financial income	0.5	2.3	(1.7)	automobile-related transactions Energy & Chemicals(+5.8):	(*)	Energy				Increase due to higher gross trading profit, and the absence of prolonged scheduled maintenance of methanol-	
Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures	59.7	65.8	(6.2)	Due to the stable transactions in the energy trading in the first quarter, and the acquisition of subsidiaries in energy-related companies	130.0 45.9%	& Chemicals	13.3	10.3		related companies in the same period of the previous fiscal year, despite the deterioration in equity in earnings of the U.S. oil and gas development companies	
Gains on disposal and remeasurement of investments in affiliates	17.6	10.8	6.8	Metals & Minerals (-14.2):  Due to the decline in iron ore and coal prices, despite the increase in iron ore sales volume and improvement	(*)total 18.0 (*)	Chemicais				ne c.o. on and gas development companies	
Profit before tax	212.7	210.0	2.6	of cost in iron ore and coal-related companies	438.0 48.6%					Increase due to the gain on sales of affiliates in the CVS companies and favorable performance in the fresh food-	
Income tax expense	(52.9)	(50.3)	(2.6)	• SG&A expenses: Due to higher expenses in existing subsidiaries and the increase accompanying the acquisition of subsidiaries	(115.0) 46.0%	Food	26.0	23.7	2.3	related companies, despite lower gross trading profit	
Net Profit	159.7	159.7	0.0	Provision for doubtful accounts: Decrease in allowance for doubtful accounts     Gains on PPE and intangible assets: Net gain on sales of PPE and intangible assets(+1.1)	323.0 49.5%						
Net profit attributable to ITOCHU	152.2	150.6	1.6	Other-net: Mainly due to the improvement in foreign currency translation     Net financial income: Improvement in borrowing conditions, lower debt cost, and increase in dividends	300.0 50.7%	ICT,				Increase due to higher gross trading profit, the gain on remeasurement from the conversion of an Internet	
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	7.5	9.1	(1.6)	• Other financial income: Mainly due to the decrease in gain on valuation of derivatives	23.0 32.7%	General Products & Realty	38.1	33.6	4.5	advertising company from an associated company to other investments, despite the decrease in equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures	
				Equity in earnings of associates and joint ventures     Metals & Minerals (-9.5): Due to the decline in iron ore prices in Brazil iron ore operations and		& Realty				or associates and joint ventures	
Total comprehensive income attributable to ITOCHU	217.7	208.8	9.0	decline in foreign currency translation Food (+5.9): Due to higher equity in earnings of associated companies resulting from the gain on sales of		Others,	0.0				
				affiliates in the CVS companies and the increase due to the favorable performance in fresh		Adjustments & Eliminations	8.3	5.6	2.7		
(Reference)	1060	102.0	(7.1)	food-related companies	1260 1070						
Adjusted profit  "Adjusted profit" = Gross trading profit + SG&A	186.0	193.0	(7.1)	Gains on disposal and remeasurement of investments in affiliates:  Increased mainly due to the gain on remeasurement from the conversion of an Internet advertising company	426.0 43.7%	Consolidated	152.2	150.6	1.6		
+ Equity in earnings of associat	*			from an associated company to other investments							
				Outlook for					1		
Financial Position	Sep. 2014	Mar 2014	Increase	March 31, 2015 1st Half 1st Half	Group Cor	npanies	1st Half	1st Half	Increase	Summary of changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year	

Financial Position	Sep. 2014	Mar. 2014	Increase (Decrease)	Outlook for March 31, 2015 (Disclosed on Nov 5, 2014)
Total assets	8,339.0	7,783.8	555.2	8,200.0
Interest-bearing debt	2,999.3	2,893.4	106.0	3,100.0
Net interest-bearing debt	2,358.4	2,232.0	126.4	2,500.0
Total shareholders' equity	2,315.1	2,045.7	269.4	2,300.0
Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets	27.8%	26.3%	+ 1.5 pt	28.0%
Net debt-to-shareholders' equity ratio (times)	1.0	1.1	Improved 0.1	1.1
Total equity	2,699.1	2,399.5	299.5	2,700.0

Cash Flows	FY 2015	FY 2014	
Operating activities		137.8	133.6
Operating activities			
Investing activities		(201.7)	(241.2)
Financing activities		33.8	119.5
Cash and cash equivalents		629.5	578.3
Increase (Decrease)		(24.2)	8.0

Group Companies (Net profit attributable to Itochu)		1st Half FY 2015	1st Half FY 2014	Increase (Decrease)	Summary of changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year
	(C): Consolidated subsidiary (E): Equity-method compa	ny			
ITOCHU Minerals & Energy of Australia Pty Ltd (C)		19.0	33.4	(14.4)	Decrease due to the decline in iron ore and coal prices and the reversal of deferred tax assets accompanying the amendment of the Australian tax system, despite the increase in iron ore sales volume, improvement of cost in iron ore and coal-related companies, and improvement in foreign currency translation
	Marubeni-Itochu Steel Inc. (E)	7.5	6.3	1.2	Increase due to the stable domestic transactions and the contribution from new group companies
	FamilyMart Co., Ltd. (E)	7.3	4.4	2.9	Increase due to the gain on sales of affiliates in Korea despite higher expenses from increase in stores
	ITOCHU International Inc. (C)	5.5	4.5	1.0	Increase due to the stable performance by the construction machinery-related companies and the food-related companies
	JD Rockies Resources Limited (C)	(6.2)	(1.8)	(4.4)	Deterioration due to the increase in the impairment losses in the U.S. oil and gas development companies and regular transactions

Summary of changes from the previous fiscal year end
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• <u>Total assets</u>: Increased by 7.1%, or 555.2 billion yen, compared with March 31, 2014, to 8,339.0 billion yen. This increase was attributable to the increase accompanying the acquisition of EDWIN CO., LTD. in the Textile Company, subsidiaries in energy-related companies, investment in C.P. Pokphand Co. Ltd. and domestic broadcasting and communication-related companies, and the depreciation of the yen.

Net interest-bearing debt: Increased by 5.7%, or 126.4 billion yen, compared with March 31, 2014, to 2,358.4 billion yen, mainly due to the depreciation of the yen, and decrease in Cash and cash equivalents and Time deposits.

•Total shareholders' equity: Increased by 13.2%, or 269.4 billion yen, compared with March 31, 2014, to 2,315.1 billion yen, due to the increase in Net profit attributable to ITOCHU and the third-party allotment, despite dividend payments. Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets increased by 1.5 points to 27.8% from March 31, 2014. NET DER (Net debt-to-shareholders' equity ratio) improved compared with March 31, 2014, to 1.0 times.

Operating:	Net cash-inflow of 137.8 billion yen, resulting from the stable performance in
	operating revenue in the metals and food-related transactions, and the steady
	collections of trade receivables in the energy and other sectors, despite the
	increase in trade receivables and the payments of account payable in chemicals
	and constructions sector

Summary for the 1st Half of FY 2015

•Investing: Net cash-outflow of 201.7 billion yen, due to the investment in C.P. Pokphand
Co. Ltd. and additional investments in the natural resource development sector.

<u>Financing</u>: Net cash-inflow of 33.8 billion yen, due to the third-party allotment, despite dividend payments.

Dividend Informa	ntion (Per Share)	M	ajor Indicates	1st Half FY 2015	1st Half FY 2014	Variance
		Foreign exchange	Average	102.11	98.44	3.67
Annual (Planned)	46.0 yen	(Yen/US\$)	Closing	Sep14 109.45	Mar14 102.92	6.53
		T	JPY TIBOR 3M, average	0.210%	0.231%	(0.021%)
		Interest	US\$ LIBOR 3M, average	0.231%	0.268%	(0.037%)
Interim	23.0 yen	O yen Crude oil (B	ent) (US\$/BBL) Average	106.57	106.55	0.02
		Iron ore, fine	(US\$/ton)	109	132	(23)
		Coking coal	(US\$/ton) - (*)	120	159	(39)
		Thermal coal	(US\$/ton)	82	95	(13)
		(*) The Compan	y recognizes these prices as commor	transaction prices b	acad on market infor	mation

(\*) The Company recognizes these prices as common transaction prices based on market information.

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