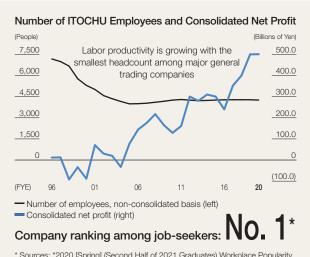
Human Resource Strategy

One of ITOCHU's most important attributes is that it advocates the "creation of company environments that are strict but rewarding" and its management is committed to realizing these environments. By clearly positioning a human resource strategy consisting of various measures as a management strategy, we elicit the maximum "individual capabilities" from our employees, who are the driving force behind the functioning of ITOCHU's business models. As a result, we have steadily increased labor productivity at ITOCHU with the smallest headcount among major general trading companies on a non-consolidated basis.

In addition, by raising their awareness of participation in management, we encourage employees to unite their "individual capabilities," an ITOCHU strength, and align themselves in the direction of management. This is a further driving force for the virtuous cycle that leads to sustainable increases in corporate value. We plan to introduce additional measures that will strengthen this cycle even more.

OUTCOME



* Sources: "2020 [Spring] (Second Half of 2021 Graduates) Workplace Popularity Ranking among University Students" by DIAMOND, Inc.; "Company Ranking among Job-Seekers Graduating in 2021" by GAKUJO Co., Ltd.; and "Job Brand Ranking Survey Flash Report (First Half) by Prospective Employees in 2021," by Bunkahoso Career Partners Co., Ltd.

Our Understanding of the Environment

2030 problem

Labor shortage, more frequent job changes

In 2030, a labor shortage of 6.44 million people*

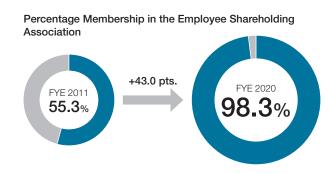
* Source: "Labor Market Outlook 2030," by PERSOL RESEARCH AND CONSULTING Co., Ltd., and Chuo University

Continuously Develop Employee Capabilities Increasing the Number of Chinese-Speaking Employees (from • Expand our foundations in China and other parts of Asia, which FYE 2016) are our areas of strength • In FYE 2018, met the target of having 1,000 employees with • Increase the number of Chinese-speaking employees to 1,000, Chinese-language qualifications; figure increased to 1,231 emor around one-third of career-track employees ployees in FYE 2020 Provide overseas training in the Chinese language • Implementing programs to maintain or increase Chinese-language proficiency Hiyoshi Dormitory (from FYE 2019) · Create personal networks that surpass the boundaries of age and department, and build a robust organization Foster the development of, and a sense of unity among, young . Encourage the passing on of a free-spirited corporate culture (As of April 1, 2020) Developing Next-Generation Managers • Two female Outside Directors, two female Executive Officers • 27 female corporate officers and divisional managers (of whom · Various types of career training one is president of an overseas subsidiary) · Sending to external training sessions • Percentage of female career-track employees: 10.0% Preparation of individual career plans • Percentage of women in management positions: 8.1% Establishing Environments That Provide Job Satisfaction to • Female career-track employees with overseas experience: Female Employees 76.0% (Figure excludes employees in their first four years of Allowing employees stationed overseas to bring children with employment, as employees are in principle not sent overseas them but without spouse during this training period.) • Re-employment system · Promotion of awareness of active female participation through organizational leadership training

Increase Awareness of Participation in Management (Shared Value with Shareholders)

Shareholder-Conscious Stock Compensation Scheme

To achieve sustainable increases in corporate value, we believe it is important for employees, in addition to the management team, to take part in management. We have encouraged participation in our employee shareholding association, and the participation level reached almost 100% in FYE 2019. Going further, in FYE 2020 we used this association to introduce a stock compensation scheme. Under this scheme, we pay special incentives when the Company's performance reaches a certain level, granting shares as consideration.



Increase awareness of participation in management (shared value with shareholders) Cultivate a motivating workplace environment Improve employee health

Cultivate a Motivating Workplace Environment

Create a Rewarding Workplace Environment	OUTCOME
Morning-Focused Working System (from FYE 2014) Shift from the tendency to work late-night to morning-focused working style In principle, prohibit work after 8:00 p.m., and encourage to work in early morning (from 5:00 a.m. to 8:00 a.m.) Offer free breakfast Provide a higher wage rate for people who start work before 8:00 a.m. Extend morning training options, such as Morning Activity Seminars	Improve operating efficiency and use time more effectively (self-improvement, etc.) Reduce overtime work, correcting the issue of long working hours By reducing overtime pay and taxi fares, almost no change in net costs even though providing free breakfast
Dress-down Days (from FYE 2018) Create an environment that encourages flexible thinking Allow employees to work in casual clothing from Tuesday through Friday (every day in summer)	By encouraging employees to think more about their clothing, promote employees to actively have interests in various things and foster an environment conducive to new ideas

Results of Morning-Focused Working System

		Before introduction	One year after introduction	FYE 2020
Leaving the Office*1	8:00 p.m. or after	30%	7%	6%
	Of which, 10:00 p.m. or after	10%	almost 0%	almost 0%
Entering the Office*1	8:00 a.m. or before	20%	34%	43%
Hours of overtime work*2		_	(7%)	(8%)
Cost per month (Overtime pay + cost of breakfast)*2		=	=	almost no change
Usage of paid holidays*2		_	_	increase of 10%

^{*1 %} of people in the headquarters

FYE 2019 Engagement Survey*1 Results (Main Items)

	Affirmative response rate	Compare with global average*2
ITOCHU considers employees important and takes them into consideration	80%	+17%
ITOCHU places importance on customers	80%	+5%
ITOCHU calls for the achievement of high levels of success	91%	+5%

• Strengthen the organizational capabilities

Improve Employee Health

• Provide schooling and work support for bereaved family members

Improve Employee Health	OUTCOME
Establishment of the ITOCHU Health Charter (from FYE 2017)	Maintain and increase employee motivation and sense that work is worthwhile
Support Measures for Balancing Cancer Care and Work (from FYE 2018)	Create an environment where employees can feel secure and devote their full atten-
 Hold regular special checkups through a cooperation with the National Cancer 	tion to work
Center Research Institute	Reduce uncertainty about the future
 Reflect the balance between treatment and work tasks in individual performance 	Nearly 100% screening among people targeted for cancer screening
reviews	Held a total of three internal seminars themed on cancer, with more than 1,000
Provide full Company assistance for expenses for advanced cancer treatment	participanta



^{*2} Compared with the level before we introduced the Morning-Focused Working System

^{*1} Next survey scheduled for FYE 2023 (conducted every four years)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}\xspace$ Global average of 330 enterprises and 6.7 million employees